Cambria Freeman.

R. L. JOHNSTON, Editor.

HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE.

H. A. M'PIKE, Publisher.

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Cambria Freeman
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One copy, six months, - - - - - 1 00
One copy, three months, - - - - - 50

Those who fail to pay their subscriptions until after the expiration of six months will be charged at the rate of $2.50 per year. Those who fail to pay until after the expiration of twelve months will be charged at the rate of $3.00 per year.

Twelve numbers constitute a quarter; twenty five, six months; and fifty numbers, a year.

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A CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN. —FARM FOR SALE.—The Farm owned and occupied by the subscriber, situate in Munster township, Cambria county, 7 miles south-east of Ebensburg and one-fourth mile from Samuel O'Hara's Mill, containing 121 ACRES and allowance, is offered for sale on reasonable terms and easy payments. Eighty acres of the above land are cleared, under good fence, and in excellent farming condition. The improvements consist of a two-story PLANK HOUSE and a large FRAME BARN, both in good preservation, as well as all other necessary outbuildings. An extensive orchard of choice fruit trees and never-failing springs of excellent water are on the premises. Further information can be obtained by making application to DANIEL O'HARA.
Munster Tp., May 30, 1867.-tf29

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS! —Being desirous of retiring from business, I offer for sale the *Ebensburg Foundry*, with all its appurtenances, including all the tools and personal property thereto belonging, the engine, patterns, flasks, &c. Also, Castings, manufactured and unmanufactured, consisting of Threshing Machines, Cook Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Plows and Castings of various kinds. As I am determined to sell, purchasers may rely upon getting as low for all the above named articles as they can be had anywhere else in Pennsylvania. The public are invited to call and judge for themselves.
May 4, 1867.-6m. E. GLASS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE —Having been appointed by the Register of Cambria county Administrator *cum testamento annexo* of George Snyder, late of Allegheny township, dec'd, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate to make settlement without delay, and those having claims against the same to present them properly probated for payment. JOHN SNYDER.
Sept. 5, 1867.-6t.

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the mercantile and lumber business has been dissolved by mutual consent. The store accounts will be settled by Jacob Leib, and accounts for lumber sold, will be settled by either of the undersigned. JACOB LEIB,
HENRY HOPPLE.
Carroll Tp., Aug. 22, 1867. 29.6t.*

DR. T. F. M'CLURE, SURGEON DENTIST, Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa. Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver, Vulcanite or Gutta Percha Plastic, &c. ☞Professional visits to Chest Springs the first week and to Loretto the second week of each month.
Carrolltown, July 4, 1867.-6m.$2*

SAW MILL FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale his STEAM SAW MILL, known as "Cambria Mill," two and a half miles north of Gallitzin, Cambria co. The Mill is in perfect working order, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply on the premises to JEROME DAWSON.
August 15, 1867.-3m.

ROBERT E. JONES,
Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.,
Dealer in Lumber. The highest prices, Cash, paid for CHERRY, POPLAR, ASH and WINDSOR LUMBER.

ANY PERSON intending to build a House or Barn, can buy Nails and Spikes cheap by paying cash at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

2 DOZ. WOODEN BUTTER BOWLS just received and for sale low for *cash*
[Feb.28.] GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

WOOD TRUNKS AND VALISES, for sale low at G. HUNTLEY'S.

Proofs of the Superior Quality
OF THE
AMERICAN WATCH
MADE AT
WALTHAM, MASS.

The American Watch Company, of Waltham, Mass., respectfully submit that their Watches are cheaper, more accurate, less complex, more durable, better adapted for general use, and more easily kept in order and repaired than any other watches in the market. They are simpler in structure and, therefore stronger and less likely to be injured than the majority of foreign watches, which are composed of from 125 to 300 pieces, while in an old English watch there are more than 700 parts. How they run under the hardest trial watches can have, is shown by the following letter:

PENN. RAILROAD COMPANY.
OFFICE OF THE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
ALTOONA, PA., 15 Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen: The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this railroad for several years by our enginemen, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time keepers. Indeed, I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble, and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware, we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation; but as a class they never kept time as correctly, nor have they done as good service, as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

We make now five different grades of watches, named respectively as follows:

Appleton, Tracy & Co.,	*Waltham, Mass.*
Waltham Watch Company,	*Waltham, Mass.*
P. S. Bartlett,	*Waltham, Mass.*
Wm. Ellery,	*Boston, Mass.*
Home Watch Company,	*Boston, Mass.*

All of these, with the exception of the Home Watch Company, are warranted by the American Watch Company to be of the best material, on the most approved principle, and to possess every requisite for a reliable time keeper. Every dealer selling these watches is supplied with the Company's printed card of guarantee, which should accompany each watch sold, so that buyers may feel sure that they are purchasing the genuine article. There are numerous counterfeits and imitations of our Watches sold throughout the country, and we would caution purchasers to be on their guard against imposition.

Any grades of Waltham Watches may be purchased of Watch Dealers throughout the country. ROBBINS & APPLETON,
182 *Broadway, New York.*

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP —This great medicine cured Dr. J. H. Schenck, the Proprietor, of Pulminary Consumption, when it had assumed its most formidable aspect, and when speedy death appeared to be inevitable. His physicians pronounced his case incurable, when he commenced the use of this simple but powerful remedy. His health was restored, in a very short time, and no return of the disease has been apprehended, for all the symptoms quickly disappeared, and his present weight is more than two hundred pounds.

Since his recovery, he has devoted his attention exclusively to the cure of Consumption, and the diseases which are usually complicated with it, and the cures effected by his medicines have been very numerous and truly wonderful. Dr. Schenck makes professional visits to several of the larger cities weekly, where he has a large concourse of patients, and it is truly astonishing to see poor consumptives that have to be lifted out of their carriages, and in a few months healthy, robust persons. Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills are generally all required in curing Consumption. Full directions accompany each, so that any one can take them without seeing Dr. Schenck, but when it is convenient it is best to see him. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer his fee is three dollars.

Please observe, when purchasing, that the two likenesses of the Doctor—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other as he now is, in perfect health—are on the Government stamp.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Price $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 the half dozen. Letters for advice should always be directed to Dr. Schenck's Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demus Barnes & Co., 21 Park Row, New York; S. S. Hance, 108 Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.; John D. Park, N. E. cor. of Fourth and Walnut St., Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, 134 and 136 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Brothers, southwest corner of Second and Vine Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

USE THE BEST.—*Blades' Euphonial Lubricators* are a medical preparation in the form of a Lozenge, and are universally considered the most pleasant, convenient and effectual remedy in use for Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Croups, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Diptheria, and all Pulmonary Complaints. They are WARRANTED to give quicker and more lasting benefit in the above affections than any other remedy. Also to contain no deleterious ingredient, and not to offend the weakest and most sensitive Stomach.

Blades' Constitution Pills are so called because of their peculiar effect upon the Liver, Stomach, Blood and Nervous System. For inactivity of the Liver, for the Stomach in derangement, or Dyspepsia, they will delight the patient with their mild and beneficial effect, especially if after long continued indigestion and costiveness, they are left with periodical returns of the Sick Headache. In case of a severe cold, producing Chills and Fever, you can break it very soon by using the Pills as per directions with each box. JOHN H. BLADES & CO.,
aug8-1y Proprietors, Elmira, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists; 25 cts. per box.

Original Poetry.

AN INCIDENT OF THE FLIGHT INTO EGYPT.

BY LINNET.

There is a sweet tradition
Of the Mother and the Child,
Who, with Joseph, fled to Egypt,
From their native land exiled.
Ah! the lips I heard repeat it
Have been silent many years,
And the mem'ry of this legend
Chokes my utterance with tears.

Though to you I fain would tell it,
Song of mine cannot convey,
Like the voice of my dear mother,
What my heart would long to say;
For a holy inspiration
Seemed to breathe in every word,
While her fingers drew sweet music
From the willing chords they stirr'd.

When they fled across the desert,
Joseph and his Jewish bride,
With a God for their companion
And an angel for their guide,
Night fell 'round them, and the shelter
Of a dark and lowly cave
Was the only place of refuge,
Earth, her great Creator gave.

Other inmates had that cavern,
Dark and swarthy visaged men,
And another infant lying
Near its mother, in the den;
Foul disease had stamped its features,
And the Virgin saw, and press'd
Closer still the precious burden
That she bore upon her breast.

When she washed her babe in water
From a stream that flowed near by,
The poor mother of the leper
Took the same, she scarce knew why,
And, when all around was silent,
Bathed her hapless, tainted child,
In the waves made pure and holy
By that Presence undefiled.

Lo! a change is softly stealing
O'er the little, shrunken form,
And from lips of rosslike beauty
Comes his breathing, pure and warm;
All dis ase has fled—she raises
Up to God her tearful eyes,
And with grateful joy she brings him
Close to where the Savior lies.

Mary lays her hand in blessing
On the soft and rosy brow,
And with keen, prophetic vision,
Sees the form, so lovely now,
On the gibbet, and she gathers
Her Emanuel to her heart,
For she knows that time of sorrow
Will not find them far apart.

NOTE.—The last verse has reference to a tradition that the child here spoken of was afterwards the repentant thief on the cross.

Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

CORRY O'LANUS' EPISTLE.

THE GREAT BALL MATCH—O'PAKE VERSUS CHAD—STUPENDOUS PLAY—BRILLIANT BATTING, FRANTIC FIELDING, AND A REMARKABLE CONCLUSION—THE O'PAKES THE VICTORS—UNPRECEDENTED SCORE.

DEAR EAGLE: The great Base Ball Match which I referred to last week has been played.

It was between the first (and only) nine of the O'Pake club, and the Chad club.

We played on the Capitoline ground, which had been nicely swept and sprinkled, and the bases white-washed.

The weather was fine though cloudy, warm though windy.

The attendance of spectators must have been less than fifteen thousand, but for fear of accidents from heavy batting none were allowed in the enclosure.

Chad arrived first and threw his castor into the ring and offered to bet a years' subscription to the *Ball Player's Chronicle* against a ticket for a Turkish Bath on first blood.

There were no takers, as every ball player takes the *Chronicle*, but none of them cared about a Turkish Bath.

O'Pake soon after appeared, and was received with applause—and music by the band. Hugh B. Blode, of the Rooster club, was chosen Umpire, and play began.

The Chads went in first and we went out. We expected to have M. T. Jugg for a pitcher, but he didn't appear, but sent his cousin O'Tard, who pitched in so heavily at the start that he hit the batsman, cornered on the short stop, and knocked the scorer out of time.

The Umpire cried fowl.

O'Pake wanted to know who he called a fowl—if he alluded to any of his nine. He'd find there were no chickens in that crowd.

Umpire apologized, and the game went on.

Chad got a splendid strike, got as far as the second base, and was calculating on a home run when our right field, who was stationed on the corner of Washington and Green avenues, caught the ball on a fly.

Chad out.

Blister then took the bat; he let fly at the ball, but the pitcher dodged, got home on his bread-basket, and sent him to grass.

First knock down for the O'Pakes—(Great cheering.)

Game suspended to take a drink.

Bloater then tried his luck at the bat, which he handled with great skill, but failed to connect with the ball. He always hit when the ball wasn't there.

Umpire ruled him out.

The O'Pakes then went in.

Chlorid O'Lime then took the bat, and as soon as the ball came along, sent it back again, and started in pursuit of the first base.

Somehow the ball got there before he did, and the chap who ran that station in the Chad interest put him out.

O'Blique had the next chance. After missing twice he got the range and made a hit.

The ball cushioned on a house in Bedford avenue, caromed on the flag-staff of the Capitoline headquarters, and was caught on the bound by Casterile.

O'Blique out.

(Some mean person in the crowd cheered. I afterwards heard that Casterile was imported from Idaho, expressly to beat us.)

I took a turn. The crowd suspended its breath.

It is a critical moment in a man's life when he stands for the first time with an exaggerated potato masher in both hands, to protect himself from the designs of a chap in front who is going to fire a ball at him, another behind his back ready to take any advantage of him, and all the field before him.

But I stood a monument of resolute firmness waiting for the ball.

It came, I saw, I hit, I run.

The ball went to right field and landed in the Union Grounds, about a mile off

One of the Atlantics who was playing at the time, kindly threw it over the fences, and it came to hand just as I had scored my fourth home run,—and taken something.

This brilliant play stirred up O'Pake, who went in to beat it.

O'Pake was always good on the strike, which accounts for his success in politics.

He countered heavily on the ball which went off to left field.

The ball was lost sight of for some time, but by the aid of the Police Telegraph we ascertained that it had come down in Prospect Park.

A committee was sent after it in a buggy.

Meantime we took a recess for refreshments.

O'Pake scored five home runs. He might have made more, but he said he was not going to run himself out before election.

O'Shaw took the bat; being left-handed he knocked the ball round the corner. It made a short stop on the Umpire's nose and tapped his claret.

First blood for the O'Pakes.

Umpire got savage and ruled O'Shaw out on the ground that this shot was counter-base, and contrary to rule 1114.

This put our side out.

The Chadists looked desperate and played as though they meant mischief.

They made one run owing to O'Blique.

O'Blique was left field, and having broke his eye glass looking so hard through it, had left the field, to get a new pebble inserted, and didn't get back in time to find the ball before Casterile made a home run,

It was the muffinist play I ever saw.

He went in and made another run, on the bar, and told the barkeeper to score it.

We should have scored one, but the umpire ruled us out on a technicality.

O'Lime had made the first base, when O'Pake made a hit and changed his base. O'Shaw came after him and made a ten strike and was followed by O'Dear, who made a foul, and was subsequently caught out on a fly by the pitcher, when O'Blique made a hit and ran and got to the second base just as O'Shaw had made up his mind that it was too hot to run, and O'Pake refused to leave his base until he had a drink. The field hands being unable to find the ball the short stop was unable to put anybody out, though they were all out, at the bases, and the rest of our nine having gone to see a man there was nobody to take the bat.

The Umpire, who was mad because we hadn't asked him to take a drink, ruled us out.

The Chads now squared for work, and Blister having recovered himself, made a hit and got his first base in good style.

Borax followed and got his second base because the small boy I had hired to run for me on left field had run home to see if his mother wanted him.

Chamomile hit to centre field and brought Blister home.

This was all they made.

We went in again.

Things began to get mixed. It was my turn at the bat and going in I found they were going to play a double game, two innings at once, to make it short.

There were six bases now.

Also two pitchers.

I grasped both the bats in both hands, and stood on the two home bases.

The two balls came at once, and trying to hit both I went between them, and went down to avoid punishment.

The referee called time.

Asked what was trumps?

Somebody said clubs.

Said I'd pass.

O'Pake insisted on my playing. Offered to play muggins for drinks for the crowd.

Somebody took me up and stood me on the base.

The two umpires wanted to know if I was going to play.

Told them it was none of their darned business, I'd play them, or any other man, seven-up, till moonlight.

Short stop put in an observation on seeing stars.

As it wasn't his put in, I stopped him short by dropping the bat on his countenance.

The pitcher thought he'd pitch in, and caught it on the frontispiece.

The play began general.

Things became very lively, and the batting very heavy.

I got mixed up with Casterile, Blister, the Umpire, and a camp-stool.

We went in without regard to innings.

We came out with heavy scores.

I saw somebody home, and have been home ever since.

Base Ball has a singular effect on persons unaccustomed to it.

My shirt, vest and trousers ripped in all directions.

My head has expanded and aches like the mischief.

One of my eyes don't match the other, and my nose is much enlarged and very tender.

My limbs are rheumatically out of joint, and I am out of sorts generally.

I don't think base ball is my forte.

It's too vigorous. Something milder would suit me better—such as muggins or euchre.

Yours on the home base,
CORRY O'LANUS.

P. S.—O'Pake has just brought me

THE SCORE.

O'PAKES.	O.	R.	CHADS.	O.	R.
O'Lanus,	1	264	Blister,	74	3
O'Blique,	9	248	Casterile,	41	7
O'Lime,	14	128	"Chad,"	38	8
O'Pake,	3	155	Bloater,	19	6
O'Shaw,	32	21	Borax,	21	5
O'Dear,	18	17	Chamomile,	14	1
O'Leander,	11	125	Juniper,	17	4
O'Leum,	15	231	Pennyroyal,	52	0
O'Tard,	9	241	Swillager,	61	1
Total,	112	1321	Total,	337	29

We are going to challenge the Athletics, Irvingtons and Mutuals.

I am going to write a book on Base Ball, with explanations of the new rules, etc. Still yours, C. O'L.

—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

THE QUEER SKELETON.

I announce myself to the reader as the man who believes in ghosts—perhaps. At any rate, I believe in my father, and he believed in the story I am about to relate. My father resided at Ipswich, and once had occasion to go to London on business. It was during a period of great popular commotion, and the city being very full, he had some trouble in finding a lodging. The master of the house observed that it was a good, large room—for he could get but one—and very comfortable, if he did not mind—but here he stopped, for his wife gave him a nudge, that made my father suspect something was not right.

"It isn't over a slaughter-house or a burial ground, or a dissecting room, is it?" says my father.

"Oh, dear, no!" says the landlord; "but some people say the next house is haunted; and that everybody who sleeps in this room can see a lady in white crying at that window that you can see there."

"Oh, is that all?" says my father; "perhaps there's some poor maniac confined there. Whether or no, however, that's no objection, for I don't care a rush for all the ghosts that ever were invented."

Well, he took possession of the room, and before night closed in he had an opportunity of taking an accurate survey of the neighboring premises. A lead roof, apparently over a workshop, lay between his window and that one where the ghost was said to appear; only there was this difference, that he could easily step out of his upon the leads, whereas the neighbor's was about nine or ten feet higher. My father always vowed that he was perfectly sober when he went to bed. He couldn't tell how long he had been asleep, when he was suddenly awakened by loud screams; and when he opened his eyes he saw that the opposite house was on fire. He was out on the leads in a moment. The haunted room was filled with bright flames, and at the window stood a lovely young woman, clasping a baby in her arms, and screaming for help.

"Oh, save my child—save my child!" she kept on crying, in tones of such anguish that they went into my father's very heart.

"Give it to me," he said, "and then jump out into my arms. The distance is nothing; you cannot be hurt. Take courage! Now, give me the baby."

She leaned forward, and dropped the baby, wrapped in a shawl, into my father's arms. Just as he got it safe, it seemed to him that the roof fell in. There was a crashing noise, but not very loud; the flames disappeared, and so did the young lady. In at the window he rushed again, and through the house, shouting "Fire!" "fire!" with all his might, and with the baby still in his arms. Out rushed the landlord, as pale as a ghost, and his wife after him, in such a monument of a night cap that it quite overawed my father, even in the midst of his agitation. The maid was shrieking "Murder!" down in the kitchen, and the apprentices had tumbled out from under the counter in the shop, and were poking their noses cautiously out, and kindly inquiring who was killing her; and on every landing up the stairs the loungers were calling out to know what was the matter. There was altogether a terrible row in the place.

"The next house is on fire!" said my father.

"It's only the old story," said the landlord. "Run up stairs, my dear, and tell them it's a false alarm."

"But it is not a false alarm," says my father, "for I saw the flames, and I saw the roof fall in, and I fear that a lady is buried under the ruins. Why don't you come and help her? She had just dropped her child into my arms when the roof fell."

The landlady then first set eyes on the bundle, for her husband at that moment lighted a candle from the rush light, which had very imperfectly illuminated the scene before.

"A baby!" says she.

"Yes," says my father, "and I think I'd better leave it with you, ma'am, while I go and endeavor to rescue the mother."

The woman did not speak nor utter a sound, but she just lifted up the shawl from the child's face, and dropped down like a lump of lead, upon the floor. Instead of attending to her, both my father and the landlord looked into the shawl. It contained the skeleton of an infant, wrapped up in the rags of what had once been very costly garments. My father felt very sick, and the landlord staggered back against the wall and dropped the candlestick out of his hand.

When the landlady fell (she was a tall, heavy woman, and gave the house a good shake,) the maid screamed "Murder!" louder than ever, and the lodgers called out yet more energetically to know what was the matter. That frightened the landlord back to his senses; for he thought if they came down and saw what my father had got, it would frighten them all out of the house. So he caught up the candle, which, luckily was not extinguished by the fall, and pushed my father, with his bundle, into the bedroom. Then he called out that it was only the strange gentleman had had the nightmare, and his wife had been frightened into a fainting fit. So they all went, grumbling, back to bed; and the man helped his wife into her room, where my father stood trembling and shaking, not having presence of mind enough to put down the bundle, and not even daring to look into it again.

The little skeleton was quietly buried the next day by an old sexton, who asked no questions, as he knew the landlord was a respectable householder; and so they all concluded that the ghost was satisfied, as she never appeared again.

When my father examined the place closely by daylight, he saw evident marks of fire about the windows; but he was assured these were the remains of a fire that had happened there a great many years before. In short, the whole affair of the apparition seemed to shroud some fearful mystery, which was perfectly inexplicable. Some years after, when he was in London again, my father endeavored to find out the house, in the hope of obtaining a clue to the mystery; but he could discover nothing but a mass of ruins.

AN AMUSING GOAT.

A few days since an Indianapolis family had occasion to move. The direct line of travel from the old to the new house was past the stables of the Street Railway Company. The lady had a large mirror, which she concluded to carry in her hands to insure against accidents. Just opposite the stables before mentioned something in the street attracted her attention, and she stopped to look at it, resting one end of the mirror on the curbstone. A small goat of the male persuasion loafs about the stables, wasting his sweetness on the surrounding neighborhood, and having ferocious combats with dogs, hogs, and small boys. William was daintily nibbling at a bundle of hay in the doorway of the stables, when to his amazement he saw what he took to be another goat, saucily shaking his horns at him.

No one ever doubted Billy's courage, though his discretion has been repeatedly called in question. Considering it a challenge, he gathered himself on his feet, and emitting a sharp, savage m-a-a, he sprang into the air as if shot from a catapult, and dashed—head, horns, body, and tail—through the mirror. There was a frightened scream, mingled with the sound of shivered glass, and the woman stood amid the wreck of her pet looking-glass. But Billy's blood was up. As she stooped to save the pieces, he "bucked" her over, and repeated the operation as often as she tried to get up, until some of the stable-men took him off.

The next day the outraged and insulted woman called at the stable, represented what the "nasty goat" had done, and demanded $5 in payment of the damages to self and property. They promised to inquire into it, and if the goat was found to be to blame would settle up. Finally the matter was compromised by taking the mirror frame and agreeing to get a new glass put in it. In the meantime, Capricorn in under a cloud, and goes sheepishly around with a pine board across his horns.

"JOHNNY," said a mother to a son nine years old, "go and wash your face—I am ashamed to see you coming to dinner with so dirty a mouth." "I did wash it, mamma!" and, feeling his upper lip, he added gravely, "I think it must be a moustache coming."

INDUSTRY is fortune's right hand—frugality her left.

REMARKABLE SUPERSTITION.

The *Monongahela Republican* has the following: Not long ago the young and beautiful wife of one of our citizens was called to her final account, leaving her husband disconsolate, sad, bereft. She was buried in the adjacent cemetery, and the husband returned to his desolate home—but not to forget the loved one. She was present with him by day in spirit and in his dreams at night. One peculiarity of his dreams, and one that haunted him, being repeated night after night, was this, that the spirit of his wife came to his bedside and told him that the undertaker had not removed from her face the square piece of muslin or napkin which had been used to cover her face after death, but had screwed down her coffin lid with it upon her; that she could not breathe in her grave, but was unrest on account of the napkin. He tried to drive the dream away, but it bided with him by night and troubled him by day. He sought the consolations of religion; his pastor prayed with and assured him that it was wicked to indulge such morbid fancy. It was the subject of his own petition before the Throne of Grace, but still the spirit came and told anew the story of her suffocation. In despair he sought the undertaker, Mr. Dickey, who told him that the napkin had not been removed, but urged him to forget the circumstance, as it could not be any possible annoyance to inanimate clay. While the gentlemen acknowledged this, he could not avoid the apparition, and the continual stress upon his mind began to tell upon his health. At length he determined to have the body disinterred, and visited the undertaker for that purpose. Here he was met with the same advice and persuasion, and convinced once more of his folly, the haunted man returned to his home. That night, more vivid than ever, more terribly real than before, she came to his bedside, and upbraided him for his want of affection, and would not leave him until he had promised to remove the cause of all her suffering. The next night, with a friend, he repaired to the sexton who was prevailed upon to accompany them, and there, by the light of the cold, round moon, the body was lifted from its narrow bed, the coffin lid unscrewed, and the napkin removed from the face of the corpse. That night she came to his bedside once more, but for the last time. Thanking him for his kindness, she pressed her cold lips to his cheek, and came again no more. Reader, this is a true story; can you explain the mysteries of dreams?

THE LITTLE BOY'S REBUKE.

There was once a very old man who lived in the house of his son. The old man was deaf; his eyes were dim, and his legs weak and thin. When he sat at the table he could hardly hold his spoon, so much did his hand shake, and at times he would spill his soup on the cloth.

All this vexed his son and the son's wife, and they made the old man sit in a corner behind the stove.

There he ate his food from an earthen ware dish; and he had not always too much to eat as you may guess.

Well, one day his trembling hands could not hold the dish. It fell on the floor and broke. At this his son and his son's wife were so vexed that they spoke harshly to the old man. His only answer was a deep, sad sigh. They then brought him a bowl made of wood, out of which he had to take his food.

Not long after this, his grandson, a boy of about four years of age, was seen at work with a chisel and hammer, hollowing out a log of wood.

His parents could not guess what he was trying to do. The little boy said nothing to any one, but kept at work on the log, and looking very grave, as if he had some great work in hand,

"What are you doing there?" asked his father. The little boy did not want to tell. Then his mother asked, "What art you doing, my son?"

"O," said he, "I am only making a little trough, such as our pigs eat out of."

"But what are you making it for, my son?"

"I am making it," said he, "for you and father to eat out of when I am a man."

The parents looked at each other and burst into tears. From that time forth they treated the old man well. He had the best place at the table, a nice dish and plenty of food.

A NOVEL ADVERTISEMENT.—This novel matrimonial advertisement recently appeared in a Western paper:

"I am eighteen years of age, have a good set of teeth, and believe in Andy Johnson, the star spangled banner and 4th of July. I have taken up a State lot, cleared up eighteen acres last year and seeded ten of it down. My buckwheat looks first rate, and the oats and potatoes are bully. I have got nine sheep, a two year old bull and two heifers, besides a horse and barn. I want to buy bread and butter, hoopskirts and waterfalls, for some person of the female persuasion durdig the balance of my life. That's what's the matter with me. But I don't know how to do it."

AN OLD TOPER'S CONUNDRUM.—"If water rots your boots what effect must it have upon the coat of your stomach?"

CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

THURSDAY, : : : SEPT. 19, 1867.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HON. GEORGE SHARSWOOD,
Of Philadelphia.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR ASSEMBLY:
HON. JOHN P. LINTON, Johnstown.

FOR SHERIFF:
JOHN A. BLAIR, Ebensburg.

FOR TREASURER:
JOHN COX, Conemaugh.

FOR COMMISSIONER:
JOHN A. KENNEDY, Carrolltown.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER:
JOHN BUCK, Carrolltown.

FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR:
JOHN D. THOMAS, Ebensburg.

FOR AUDITORS:
EDW. D. EVANS, Croyle, 3 years.
JOHN F. ALLEN, Yoder, 1 year.

FOR CORONER:
J. A. HARROLD, Johnstown.

ARE YOU ASSESSED?

Our Democratic friends should look to the assessment list without delay, and see that their own names and those of their Democratic neighbors are registered, or some of you may be cheated out of your votes. Do not pride yourself upon the idea that because you have been a voter and paid your taxes for a number of years that your name is properly entered on the list, but go and see for yourself. Remember that only one week from Saturday next remains in which you can attend to this duty.

AMNESTY PROCLAMATION.

President Johnson issued an Amnesty Proclamation a few days ago, which extends to all persons engaged in the rebellion who will subscribe to the oath set forth in the proclamation, excepting the three following classes: 1. The chief executive officers, heads of departments, foreign agents and State Governors under the late rebel confederacy, military officers above the rank of brigadier generals, and naval officers above the rank of captain. 2. All who were guilty of cruelty to Federal prisoners. 3. Those who, at the time they seek to avail themselves of the proclamation, are in custody of the civil, military or naval authorities, and are held to bail, and all persons implicated in the assassination of President Lincoln. The oath to be taken by all seeking the amnesty pledges loyalty to the Constitution and the Union, and the observance of all laws relating to the emancipation of slaves.

THE REASON!

We congratulate the readers of the *Freeman* upon the result of the recent elections in Maine, California and Montana, so glorious for the cause of Constitutional liberty. We congratulate them, not because of these victories, though glorious in themselves, but because they plainly indicate that reaction in public sentiment which declares the determination of the sovereign people, to return to a government of the Constitution and laws.

This result, glorious as it is, was not unexpected. We never were among those who despaired of the success of our government, or the virtue of our people. We never doubted but that Radicalism, true to its instincts, would persevere in its aggressions upon the rights of the people—would carry out its high-handed usurpations—until the common sense of the "toiling millions" would be shocked by its teachings; nor did we doubt, on the other hand, for a single moment that the "sober second thought" of the people would be a timely curative of these same teachings.

We are glad to assure our readers that this reaction has already commenced—that even in New England, in the Yankee State of Maine, we have gained over 10,000 on the popular vote, and that we have actually carried the recently Radical State of California by a large majority, while in Montana there is not a vestige of radicalism left. This reaction, by those who have been inattentive observers of the causes, was totally unprecedented and unexpected to all parties, but was as telling and decisive as unexpected.

We shall hereafter take occasion to notice the causes, more at length, of this great revolution. At present it behooves us to take courage from this result in the great contest now approaching in Pennsylvania. The Keystone State will shortly be called upon to declare her sentiments in regard to the great question of self-government which has just been before her Eastern and Western sisters. Will she follow their example?

The questions are the same all over the Union, and we predict that on the second Tuesday of October the Coal and Iron State of the East will stand side by side with the Golden State of the West—that the glad tidings of equal liberty, heralded from San Francisco Bay, will find a glorious response on the Delaware Bay, and that from ocean to ocean will be shouted the enfranchisement of the American people from the most dangerous enemy they have ever encountered.

RADICAL THUNDER.

The Radical State Committee are circulating through the State, and endeavoring to place in the hands of Democrats, a lying document appealing to the pecuniary interest of the voter. We give it entire, and also annex some comments upon it. Read it and notice its falsehoods:

Facts for Government Bondholders,

AND THE HOLDERS OF GREENBACKS.

Read, Reflect—and Hand to your Neighbor.

In 1861, eleven States seceded; and since then only twenty-three have been represented in Congress, until the admission of Tennessee in 1866.

All the United States Bonds—5-20's 7-30's and 10-40's—all the greenbacks, and all the National Banks, were created by this Congress of twenty-three States.

President Johnson calls this an "*assumed Congress*"—therefore not legal. His supporters and the Democrats call it a "*rump Congress*," and a "*usurping Congress*," and hence, not a *lawful Congress;* and the great effort has been to *elect* Congressmen in the North, and *admit* enough from the rebel States to enforce this "*Policy.*"

If a Congress, representing but twenty-three States, be not a *lawful* Congress, then every United States Bond, and all our greenbacks, and National Bank notes are worth nothing; because an *unlawful* Congress could not make *lawful* Bonds or *lawful* money.

The mad effort so recently made by the rebels and their sympathizers, to destroy this Government *by force of arms* failed. Thus far, the attempt to do the same thing, *through Congress*, has also failed, because of the action of the loyal voters at the ballot-box; and the last effort at destruction is now being made THROUGH THE COURTS.

Witness the recent attempt by Democratic lawyers to induce the Supreme Court of the United States to issue an injunction, nullifying the Reconstruction Laws of Congress in Mississippi, Georgia, and other rebel States. Read also the opinion of GEORGE SHARSWOOD, the Democratic nominee for Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, in which he gravely denies the constitutional power of Congress to make paper money a legal tender. (*Borie vs. Trott, Legal Intelligencer* of March 18th, 1864, page 92.) Judges WOODWARD and THOMPSON of the same Court, announced from the bench *the same alarming doctrine*, in 1865. (*See Mervine vs. Sailor, et. al., Legal Intelligencer of June* 16 & 30, 1865, pages 188 & 205.)

And this, too, in the face of the fact, that the Superior Courts of every loyal State in which the question has been raised, have sustained the power of Congress.

It requires, therefore, but little knowledge of either arithmetic or law, to estimate the imminent danger of putting any more men of Judge SHARSWOOD'S opinions on the Supreme Bench of the State!

If you believe the present Congress to be *unlawful*, or desire our National currency and Government Bonds to be declared *unlawful*, vote for GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

If you believe the present Congress to be *lawful*, or desire their action on Currency and Bonds *to stand good*, vote to sustain them,—for the party that *created* the Greenbacks and the Bonds—the party that sustained the war, and compelled submission to the National authority—and that stands pledged to keep faith with the Bondholders, and to maintain the National credit—vote for HENRY W. WILLIAMS, the worthy and honored nominee of this party.

LOOK AT THE OTHER SIDE.

When secession came, Democrats sustained the Government, shed their blood, invested their money in 5-20's, 7-30's and 10-40's, sent their members to Congress, and obeyed the laws that a Congress of twenty-three States enacted. That was *their* Government and they loved it, and many of them died for it.

During the war, eleven States were not represented in Congress, *and they refused to be.* That was a lawful Congress, all obeyed it and all of its laws are binding under the Constitution.

When the war was over the South submitted, *then* the Radicals *kept them out* to give the negro power. They "*acted outside of the Constitution*" as Thaddeus Stevens says.

If it be true, that the Democrats are trying to destroy this Government, how strange it is that they should hold its bonds and notes, and fight and die for it. *Their object* is to preserve it, to bring it within the Constitution, to govern according to law, to economise its resources, and to *pay its debts.*

Are your Bonds and greenbacks safer *inside* of the Constitution or *outside* of it. If we have *no Constitution, as Stevens says*, what security have you for your debt. The Constitution is the title deed to the property that *your debt is a lien upon.*

In the case of Borie against Trott, Judge Sharswood decided that a man *who agreed to pay a debt in gold should pay it in gold.* Was not this right? He did not decide the question of the power of Congress.

You hold a 5-20 or a 10-40 bond, the interest is payable in gold. The Government agreed to pay you in gold. The Radicals and their Judges say the Government *may* pay you in paper. Judge Sharswood holds that a contract to pay in gold should be enforced, which best suits you? Which is the most honest?

Do you see where this Radical doctrine leads you? They *already* say that the *principal* of the Bonds *may be paid in paper.* If Judge Williams decides that *your interest is payable in paper*, is your contract with the Government carried out? Will he not so decide?

They will pay in paper if *their extravagance* makes it necessary. The interest on *our State Bonds was payable in gold*, the law made it so, (*See Act of* 1840.) In 1864, when gold was 166, the Radicals in the Legislature passed a law making it payable in paper, on the ground that they could save money, (*See Legislative Rec.* 1864.) Are you any more secure than the Bondholders of the State?

The expenses of the Government are more than its income. The Radicals are expending *two hundred and twenty five millions* of your money for this year. The Democrats spent *sixty-two millions* the last year they were in power, for the same purposes. Can you sustain this extravagance? Does not the security of your debt consist in prudent management, economy in public business; and in nourishing and developing our resources? Are the Radicals pursuing this course?

If you wish your bond and its interest *paid in paper* and your contract with the Government violated, vote for HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

If you want contracts between man and man, and between the Government and yourself carried out, vote for GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

Address of the Democratic State Committee.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS,
No. 736 SANSOM STREET,
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9th, 1867.

To the People of Pennsylvania:

The Radicals attempt to evade the practical issues of the canvass and to delude you into the support of their candidates. They alone are accountable for the prostration of your business interests. They have deliberately sacrificed them in order to place in the hands of Southern Negroes the balance of power in the Republic, and thus preserve their own rule. More than two years have passed since peace was restored, and we still look in vain for increased products from the South to aid us in paying the interest on our debt, and for her prosperous customers to buy our woolen, iron and other manufactures.

Instead of receiving aid to pay our debts we are taxed to maintain a freedman's bureau and a standing army in the South. Instead of prosperous customers to increase our trade, every business interest languishes.

Radical mismanagement, a negro policy, and radical extravagance, weigh down our energies and fetter our resources.

The whole expense of the War Department in 1860 was sixteen and a-half millions, whilst in 1867 it is estimated by the Treasury at forty-seven millions, both being periods of peace. To give the negro power to rule us, therefore, costs the nation annually thirty millions. Of this amount Pennsylvania's share is at least one-tenth, and *your* industry must annually pay three millions of dollars to support a policy that closes your woolen mills and stops your factories.

In your State affairs, mismanagement, corruption and extravagance are the rule. In 1860, under democratic power the whole amount of money appropriated and expended, independent of funded debt and military expenses, as shown by the Treasury, WAS NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY-EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS. In 1864, excluding the same items, the Radicals appropriated and expended one million three hundred and seventy-nine thousand dollars. In 1865, excluding the same items, the Radicals appropriated and expended one million five hundred and nineteen thousand dollars, and in 1866, excluding the same items, they appropriated and expended TWO MILLIONS AND ELEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS. The reports of the Auditor General show these facts and prove that IN SIX YEARS OF RADICAL RULE, YOUR CASH EXPENSES HAVE MORE THAN DOUBLED.

The men who have thus wasted your substance, prate of their loyalty and their sacrifices, and would maintain their hold upon the public treasury by fixing your attention upon other issues. You are oppressed by taxation through internal revenue and other machinery, as no other people ever were. It takes from you your legitimate profits and gives you no customers. It compels you to stop manufacturing and to discharge your workmen. Your goods remain unsold and your operatives suffer. Can you expect relief from this grinding taxation, so long as these enormous expenditures continue? Relief can only come through economy in public affairs, a reduction in your expenses, and the discharge of corrupt and extravagant officials.

It is their purpose to violate the great principle, "that each State has the right to determine the qualifications of its own electors," and give the negroes of Pennsylvania the balance of power between the two great political parties. Negro suffrage is to be forced upon you by Congressional enactment, and your "Supreme Court is to be placed in harmony" with that law, by electing Judge WILLIAMS, who is relied upon to decide that the negro is entitled to a right which you and your organic laws deny him. In the Senate of the United States, in July last, the recognized leader of the Radicals of this State, voted to proceed to consider a bill that was introduced by WILSON of Massachusetts, to effect this infamous purpose.

DEMOCRATS OF PENNSYLVANIA!

Let the result in California arouse you to renewed exertion. Work is to be done, and you must do it. Committees may plan and order, but the result depends upon yourselves. Individual effort is the road to victory. See your neighbor, encourage him, bring him to the polls. Perfect your organizations. Block your wards and townships. Subdivide the labor and perform it with energy.

Press home upon your adversaries the real issues of the canvass. Demand of them that they shall answer.

Are you for or against the Radical policy that destroys our business and closes our workshops, mills and factories, to give the negro the balance of power?

Are you for or against continued corruption, mismanagement and extravagance?

Are you for or against conceding to Congress the right to allow the negro the power to rule Pennsylvania?

By order of the Democratic State Committee.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE,
Chairman.

—The York, Lancaster and others Pennsylvania papers, complain that the growing crop of potatoes in their respective neighborhoods is considerably affected by the rot. Similar complaints come from different sections of Maryland, especially from Frederick, Washington, Carroll, Harford and Baltimore counties.

POLITICAL AND NEWS ITEMS.

—A little boy stabbed his playmate dead in Columbus, Ohio.

—Mrs. Yelverton, of divorce notoriety, arrived in New York on Saturday, from England.

—The Atlantic Club of Brooklyn defeated the Athletic Club of Philadelphia, at Williamsburg, N. Y., on Monday, by a score of 28 to 16.

—What has become of ex-Secretary Stanton? Don't hear a word about him of late. The "nine days" are over and the "wonder" has ceased.

—The cashier of the Exchange Bank, Howell, Mich., absconded the other day leaving the bank funds minus $10,000. He is but eighteen years old.

—Twenty-six full choirs participated in the ceremonies of laying the corner-stone of the new Catholic Cathedral on Washington street, Boston, on Sunday.

—South Bend, Indiana, the home (and ward) of Schuyler Colfax, has elected a Democratic Councilman. Heretofore it has been a radical disunion ward.

—At Augusta, Maine, where Pillsbury, the Democratic candidate, resides, his gain was 387. In Brunswick, where the Radical candidate lives, Chamberlain lost 246.

—In Montana there is scarcely a vestige left of the radicals. If they have elected a constable the news has not yet reached the Atlantic slope. The people of Pennsylvania will follow the example of their Western brethren.

—The radical impeachers are brought to a dead lock. If they impeach and remove Mr. Johnson they make Ben Wade President. They would like to have the President "wade" out, but they don't like the idea of having old Ben "wade" in.

—The Albany Journal (radical) is very much frightened over the election returns from California, Maine, &c., and virtually gives up New York, while it begs and prays the radicals in Pennsylvania and Ohio to do all in their power to secure those States.

—The Radicals profess intense love for the soldier, but when "important positions" are to be distributed they give them to wily and corrupt politicians, leaving the "Boys in Blue" only the crumbs which fall from the Leaguer's table in the shape of the "minor local offices."

—The Negro Suffragites claim that the reason why they were defeated in California was that they had two candidates for Governor. This may be a sufficient reason for Republicans, but will hardly satisfy Conservatives, when the fact is known that the Conservative candidate for Governor has a majority of six thousand over the vote of both Radicals combined.

—Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, and Minnesota, will hold their general elections on Tuesday, October 8th. "West Virginia" will hold an election on Thursday, October 24th. New York, New Jersey, Illinois, Wisconsin, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Maryland and Delaware, on Tuesday, November 5th, Kansas on Monday, November 11th.

—An animal six inches long, with scales like a fish, has been removed from the stomach of a young lady in Jefferson, Ohio, but another living object, as large as a man's fist remains and cannot be removed without an incision in the body of the woman. The object sometimes comes to the woman's throat and almost strangles her.

—The Pope has resolved to call together a General Council of the Catholic Church. The Arch-Bishops, Cardinals, heads of religious orders and other dignitaries will be summoned to attend from all parts of the world. The Holy Father has named a Committee of seven cardinals to whom he has entrusted the duty of arranging the preliminaries for the meeting of the council.

—Two negro men, Pen Davis and Pan Davis, brothers, were arrested on Sunday last in Danville, on a charge of committing a rape that day upon the person of a negro woman named Jud Stevens; and Thursday last a negro boy named Ben Long was arrested at Culpepper Court House, charged with an attempt to commit a rape on the wife of Warren Payne, colored. All the parties were committed for trial.

—When Thaddeus Stevens stated that the Republicans would come to grief in Pennsylvania this fall on account of their frightful corruption, he, in advance, gave an explanation of the painful defeat of Radicalism in California and Montana, and the overwhelming gains of the Democracy in Vermont and Maine. The truth is apparent that the masses are becoming thoroughly disgusted with the usurpations of the Congressional traitors, and they are preparing to strike the Radicals a crushing blow in Pennsylvania.

—The Philadelphia *Age* says: "From every portion of Pennsylvania we have glad tidings of a Democratic revival. there is not a break in the column in any portion of the State. Everywhere the greatest enthusiasm prevails. Thousands who never before acted with the Democracy intend to vote for George Sharswood, the able lawyer, the accomplished scholar, the upright judge and the honest man. In the great battle which is soon to be fought in our State, Pennsylvania will outstrip Connecticut, Maine, California or Montana."

A QUEER WEDDING.—The Hartford *Post* relates a curious incident which occurred near that city. Mrs. Eliza Barnsley, a young war widow, had been courted and won by a young lawyer from Providence, who spent his vacation in the neighborhood. The day for the marriage was fixed and all the arrangements made, but at the appointed hour the bridegroom came not; he had gone from the town in an early train. The bride was disconsolate, the friends outraged. Worse than all, the dinner was getting spoiled by waiting. Seeing this state of affairs, one of the invited guests, a middle-aged farmer, who had been a secret admirer of Mrs. Barnsley, and whom she had encouraged before the lawyer's advent, stepped up, offered to take the groom's place, and was accepted. They were married, ate their dinner, and promise to make a happy couple.

W. W. Ketchum, has been nominated for Congress by the rads, to fill the unexpired term of Hon. Charles Dennison. Judge Woodward is the Democratic candidate, and his election a certainty.

IF YOU WANT the best Cooking or Parlor Stove made in the world, go to HUNTLEY'S and get *Spears' Anti-Duster.*

ANNOUNCEMENT.—To the Citizens of Cambria County: I offer myself as an Independent candidate for JURY COMMISSIONER at the approaching election. JOHN PORTER.
Susquehanna Tp., August 8, 1867.

STRAY SHEEP.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Clearfield township, Cambria county, on the 1st inst., SIX SHEEP. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.
Sept. 12.-3t. GEO. RUTLEDGE.

TEACHERS WANTED.—Four Teachers are wanted to take charge of the several departments of the Ebensburg Union Schools during the coming winter.—Term, five months, beginning on the last Monday in September, inst. Examination of applicants will take place in Room No. 2 of Union School building, Ebensburg, on Tuesday, 24th inst., at 9 o'clock. By order of the Board. D. W. EVANS, Pres't.
SAM'L SINGLETON, Sec'y. sep12-2t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Terence McEnrue, late of Washington township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
THOMAS M'ENRUE, Executor.
Washington Tp., Sept. 12, 1867.-6t.*

JOSEPH ZOLNER

HAS just opened, and offers for sale lower than they can be bought elswhere, a splendid lot of eight day and twenty-four hour CLOCKS, fine WATCHES of every description, ACCORDEONS, JEWELRY, and a variety of all articles in his line. Repairing of Clocks, Watches, and all kinds of Jewelry, done on short notice and most reasonable terms. All work warranted.—Call at his shop, High street, opposite Mountain House, Ebensburg. [sep.5,'67

LORETTO PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, at 1 o'clock P. M., on *Saturday, Sept.* 21*st*, 1867, a two-and-a-half story FRAME HOUSE and two LOTS OF GROUND, adjoining each other, situated in the Borough of Loretto, Cambria Co. The House is roomy, has a good cellar under it, and is in good condition. The Lots are full size, well fenced, and there are a number of choice fruit trees, grape vines, and necessary outbuildings, besides a never failing well of excellent water, on the premises. Terms will be made known on day of sale.
D. CARNEY, Jr.
Loretto, Sept. 12, 1867.-2t*

LORETTO DRUG STORE.

Now on hand, a large and well selected stock of fresh
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
Paints, Oils and Varnishes,
Pure and Unadulterated Liquors,
for medicinal purposes,
TOBACCO AND CIGARS,
Wall Paper and Window Shades, all styles,
LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS,
BURNERS AND WICKS,
And a good article of REFINED PETROLEUM.
Also, a large supply of
White Lead, Putty, Window Glass, &c.
ALWAYS ON HAND,
PERFUMERY & TOILET ARTICLES,
INCLUDING
HAIR, NAIL AND TOOTH BRUSHES,
Combs, Toilet and Tooth Preparations,
LUBIN'S AND PHALON'S EXTRACTS,
Soaps, Fancy Goods, &c.
A FULL LINE OF STATIONERY.

As my medicines are warranted of a pure quality, I am prepared to fill Prescriptions with *accuracy and dispatch*, at all hours of the day or night. Open on Sunday for the sale of medicines. A. J. CHRISTY.
Loretto, June 27, 1867.-3m*

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES! *TO CASH BUYERS!*
AT THE EBENSBURG
HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Odd Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

☞ *House Spouting* made, painted and put up at low rates for *cash*. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO. HUNTLEY
Ebensburg, Feb, 28, 1867.-tf.

V. S. BARKER'S CHEAP CASH STORE!

V. S. B.

VARIETY!

STYLE!

BEAUTY!

V. S. BARKER

MORE NEW

SUMMER GOODS

AT

Lowest Prices!

HAVING JUST RECEIVED

A NEW AND

EXTENSIVE

STOCK OF

Dry Goods

DRESS GOODS,

CLOTHING,

GROCERIES,

NOTIONS, &c.,

I DEFY

Competition!

EITHER IN

GOODS OR PRICES

and invite the

ATTENTION

OF

PURCHASERS

TO MY

SUPERB STOCK

OF

Cheap Goods

V. S. BARKER,

EBENSBURG,

CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.

AN IMMENSE REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF GOODS!

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

I am now prepared to offer
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS
TO CASH PURCHASERS OF
TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE,
EITHER AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of
Tin, Sheet-Iron,
COPPER AND BRASS WARES,
ENAMELLED AND PLAIN
SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS, &c.,
COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spear's Anti-Dust
HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,
EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES,
NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices. Old Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to
Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,
all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SPENCER'S SIFTER!
It recommends itself.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS
of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to
Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron
at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.
FRANCIS W. HAY
Johnstown, March 7, 1867.-6m.

WHOLESALE
DRUG STORE
D. W. HARSHBERGER & CO.
MAIN STREET,
OPPOSITE SCOTT HOUSE,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.,

Keep constantly for sale the largest and best assortment of pure
DRUGS & MEDICINES
IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,
Alcohol, Turpentine,
Pure Wines and Liquors, best brands,
4000 Lbs. White Lead,
DYES, DYE-STUFFS, GLASS, PUTTY,
And in fact everything kept in a first class Drug Store, all of which will be
SOLD AT CITY PRICES.
MISHLER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS
by the dozen or by the gallon.

OUR STOCK OF
Perfumeries and Toilet Articles
is acknowledged by all judges to be the
LARGEST IN QUANTITY
AND FINEST IN QUALITY
OF ANY IN OUR TOWN.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
SHARP'S MOUNTAIN HERB BITTERS
AND
SHARP'S MAGIC OINTMENT.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED AT LOWEST PRICES.
Johnstown, Aug. 15, 1867.-1y.

BEYOND COMPETITION.
ESTABLISHED 1856.
THE OLDEST
DRUG STORE
IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.
C. T. FRAZER
Keeps constantly on hand the
LARGEST,
CHEAPEST
AND BEST
ASSORTMENT OF GOODS PERTAINING TO THE
DRUG BUSINESS
In the County, which he offers
AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL
TO THE TRADE AND PUBLIC
AT LOWEST RATES.
C. T. FRAZER,
Franklin Street,
(*OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE*)
JOHNSTOWN, PENN'A.

ROPE for Patent Hay Forks can be had low for *cash* at HUNTLEY'S

CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

THURSDAY, : : : SEPT. 19, 1867.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

EBENSBURG AND CRESSON RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, April 19, 1867, trains on this road will run as follows:

LEAVE EBENSBURG—

At 6.05 A. M., connecting with Day Express East and Phila. Express West.

At 7.15 P. M., connecting with Phila. Ex. East and Mail West.

LEAVE CRESSON—

At 9.24 A. M., or on departure of Phila. Express West.

At 8.40 P. M., or on departure of Phila. Express East.

PAY UP!—Another issue of the *Freeman* will conclude two-thirds of the first year of its publication, and as many of our patrons have not yet paid their subscriptions, and as we of course need the money, we trust that this gentle reminder will have the desired effect. We do not require any more than $2 per year from any one who will pay that amount voluntarily, but if we are forced to collect what is due us at the end of the year the extra expense will have to be forthcoming from those in arrears. In order to afford such as we can the opportunity of paying without the trouble of remitting, we name the following gentlemen whose receipt will be as good as our own, and we trust they will have plenty of chances afforded them for putting out their paper: C. W. Easly, Johnstown, John M'Colgan, Wilmore, John Porter, Esq., Hemlock, A. J. Shoemaker or Peter M'Gough, Esq., Sonman, Mark M'Laughlin, Jr., Cresson, John Sharbaugh, Esq., Summit, John J. Troxell, Gallitzin, Thomas M'Kiernan, Altoona, Jim Cramer, Hollidaysburg, Henry M'Intosh or Michael Moyer, Newry, P. H. Shields, Loretto, John Fisk, Carrolltown, E. R. Dunegan or John J. Barns, St. Augustine, and such other of our friends as will do us the kindness to attend to the matter in these or other localities in which our paper circulates.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—Only three cases were disposed of in the Court of Common Pleas last week, one of which was on trial when we closed our previous report. We give the cases in the order in which they came up for trial:

Susan Pringle, Adm'x of John Pringle, dec'd, vs. George W. Pringle. Feigned issue. Jury find for plaintiff. Messrs. Johnston & Scanlan for plaintiff and Reade and Ropelin for defendant.

Wm. W. Jackson, Jeremiah Ritz and Rachel his wife, late Rachel Jackson, Thomas Burchinell and Lavinia his wife, late Lavinia Jackson, Mary B. Fredericks, intermarried with Wm. Fredericks, late Mary B. Jackson, and Laura Mattern, by her guardian, David Watson, heirs of Thomas Jackson, dec'd, vs. Chas. Johnston and Jas. Johnston. Ejectment. Jury find for plaintiffs the land described in the writ—that portion of it embraced or described in agreement signed W. W. Jackson, agent of Thomas Jackson, dated 17th August, 1855, to be released on the payment of $230, with interest. Messrs. Scott, Johnston & Scanlan for plaintiffs and Fenlon and Foster for defendants.

Mich'l Higgins vs. Mordecai Delange and Henry Dean, trading under firm of Delange & Dean. Assumpsit. Jury find for plaintiff in the sum of $776.73. Messrs. Johnston and Oatman for plff. and Reade for defts.

SENTENCES.

On Thursday afternoon the Court passed sentence on the following persons convicted of criminal offences:

Marshall Lindsey, (colored,) for attempted rape upon Mrs. Elizabeth Baldwin, of Johnstown, was sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs, and undergo three years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary.

John Brimm, found guilty of involuntary manslaughter in causing the death of Leopold Geiser, $5 and costs, and one year in county jail.

James F. Howard, for the larceny of $52 from a lady visitor at his house in Johnstown, was sentenced to pay $5 and costs and serve two years in the Penitentiary.

Lewis Shermer, larceny, $5 and costs and one year in the Penitentiary.

Isaac Leidy, larceny, $1 and costs and one week in jail.

Joseph Barnes, larceny, $1 and costs and six months in jail.

The man Brimm was very anxious to serve his term in the penitentiary instead of the county jail, alleging that could not stand a year of idleness in confinement, but the Court had no power to send him to the former institution for the offence of which he was found guilty, and hence he was forced to submit. The other prisoners who were more fortunate or unfortunate in this particular, were taken to the penitentiary, on Monday morning last, by Sheriff Myers and George W. Oatman, Esq.

A WORD IN SEASON.—As many of our readers are no doubt in the habit of visiting Johnstown about this season of the year for the purpose of purchasing their fall and winter clothing, we think they would be acting very prudently by calling on Messrs. Leopold & Bro., Clothiers, and examining their stock of goods and prices. Messrs. L. have a large establishment in Philadelphia, and for this reason have always on hand in Johnstown a well selected stock of goods which they weekly replenish from their house in the city. Everything to be found in a first class furnishing store is displayed on their shelves, and as they are liberal gentlemen to deal with, we advise all in want of clothing, etc., to call and see them. Store on Main street, a few doors below the Scott House.

WRITE.—No man, woman or child who can form a letter should neglect to write to absent friends words of consolation and good cheer, and when they wish to do this they can obtain pens, ink, paper and envelopes at the clock, watch, jewelry and notion emporium of C. T. Roberts, on Main street.

THE RESULT.—Messrs. Mills & Davis' new store and new stock of goods have attracted hosts of new customers to their counters, and we are pleased to say that buyers and sellers are both mutually pleased at the result. They are doing well, as all deserve to do who sell at as fair prices as they do.

IMPORTANT.—It is just as important to be assessed in order to get a vote as it is to go to H. A. Shoemaker & Co.'s store to buy the cheapest goods in town. Both these hints are important, and they should be acted upon without delay. But go to Shoemaker's, anyhow.

UP TO TIME.—It is necessary in all pursuits of life for a man to be up to time, and the surest means of doing this is to select a pocket time piece from the fine stock just now offered for sale very cheap by Joseph Zolner, opposite the Mountain House.

A YOUNG MAN was thrown out of a buggy and slightly injured, in this place, on Sunday.

EDITORIALITIES, LOCAL AND GENERAL.—

A telegraphic line is at present being put up between Tyrone and Lock Haven.

"To My Father," lines written by a lady friend in Johnstown, will find a place in our next issue.

Mr. George Crowther, of Tyrone, had one of his hands crushed by a freight train, at that place, on Friday last.

Sam'l C. Wingard, Esq., formerly of this place, has been nominated as the Republican candidate for State Senator in the Lycoming district.

Bernard Beisler was struck by an engine at Hillside station, on the Pennsylvania railroad, on the evening of the 5th inst., and almost instantly killed. He left a family.

Gov. Geary pardoned three men, radicals of course, who plead guilty of violating the liquor law, in the Centre county court, week before last. How are you, Good Templar?

Mr. Ezekial Hughes has recently disposed of his fine residence on Centre street, in our borough, and designs seeking a home in the West. Mr. B. Vaughn, of Cresson, was the purchaser, and the sum paid is said to have been $3,400.

A watchman on the Pennsylvania railroad named Daniel Green, was run over by a freight train, near Greensburg, about three o'clock on Tuesday morning of last week, and was killed on the spot. The deceased was a married man, about 55 years of age, and resided at Brinton's station.

At a meeting of the Mountaineer B. B. Club, on Friday evening last, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, J. Alex. Moore; Vice President, Thomas J. Lloyd; Treasurer, V. S. Barker; Secretary, Sam'l W. Davis; Directors, W. E. Hutchinson, Geo. Roberts, F. H. Barker.

The following persons had the good fortune to draw the valuable prizes offered for chances at the recent festival in aid of the new Catholic church in this place: Anthony Warner, Croyle township, the large Durham cow; Henry C. Kaylor, Loretto, the splendid silk dress; Mrs. F. P. Tierney, Ebensburg, the American watch, and James G. Hasson, Ebensburg, the little mule. The two last prizes were not disposed of until Friday evening last.

The Tyrone *Bulletin* says that Messrs. P. & T. Collins, contractors for the building of the Tyrone and Clearfield Rail Road, deserve great credit for the energy they have displayed in putting this important work through, and predicts that the road will be completed to Woodlands by the 1st of January next. The Messrs. Collins are among the most extensive and successful railroad contractors in this country, and not only do their work well but do it in the shortest space of time possible.

Will. Kittell, Jr., son of our townsman, Wm. Kittell, Esq., departed our town, on Monday morning last, on his way to the Eternal City, whither he goes as a student of the Propaganda, in which institution he has a brother being educated for the priesthood. Will. is about 17 years of age, and consequently his collegiate course will extend over a period of nine years before he arrives at a proper time of life to receive holy orders. We wish him a safe journey, good health, and the successful accomplishment of his noble purpose.

The first nine of the Iron B. B. Club of Johnstown visited Ebensburg, on Thursday last, for the purpose of participating in a trial of skill with an equal number of the Mountaineer Club here, and notwithstanding their jaded condition (having been on the war path from Monday morning) our boys had enough to do to gain a victory over them. When the Irons left the bat on the ninth inning they were ten runs ahead of their competitors, but the Mountaineers went in with the determination of overcoming these great odds and going a few better, and right cleverly did they succeed, the score standing at the end: Mountaineers, 35; Irons, 31.

While Mr. Celestine Parrish and Mr. Michael Quartz were returning home from Loretto, on Sunday afternoon last, one of the axles of the spring wagon in which they were riding suddenly broke, near Lloyd's cemetery, a short distance from town, and both these gentlemen found themselves just as suddenly on the outside of the vehicle. Mr. Parrish fell on top of Mr. Quartz, and strange to say, was the only one who sustained any injury, he dislocating his thigh by the concussion. He was conveyed to the residence of Mr. Quartz, near at hand, where medical aid was rendered him, and he is now doing well. Mr. P. has doubtless concluded that *quartz* is a hard substance to fall upon.

PORTAGE, Sept. 9, 1867.

Messrs. Editors Freeman—I don't wish to dictate to you what you should print, but I do think that, unless you are well paid for inserting those base ball matches or games, almost anything else would suit nine-tenths of your subscribers just as well. What do we care whether the Muffins beat the Knockemstiffs or not? We have those games here every day. We had two real knock-him-stiffs here at Portage station a few days ago. First, two men and one woman fell out about a wooden bucket. After pulling the bale off the bucket the woman and her man got the other down, but the man below reached up and caught the other's cheek between his teeth, and top man cried murder and begged for quarters, when under man opened his mouth, and thus ended No. 1. No. 2 occurred on Sunday, 8th inst., when Engine No. — knocked Mrs. Keating's steer stiff. So you see we have some knock-him-stiffs here too. As I said at the start, I don't wish to say what you should or what you should not print, but for one I like to hear from "MacShane" and "Sku Bal," and in your paper of the 29th ult. you gave some very good family recipes, such as I always cut out and preserve. If you would, every week, occupy a column, or even half a column, with seasonable agricultural matter, it would be much better than base ball.

If you can make any sense out of this you are at liberty to use as much of it as you see proper. Yours, &c., W. R.

[After the election we shall endeavor to comply with our respected correspondent's wishes in regard to establishing an agricultural department in our paper. As regards base ball matches, our friend claims only nine-tenths of our patrons as opposed to their publication, and as these reports don't occupy one-tenth of the space allotted to reading matter, it follows that those who are in favor, and not those who disapprove of such publications, are the losers in the operation. However, if W. R. will agree to occupy the space every week heretofore given to base ball matches, we feel sure that every person will be satisfied.—EDS.]

CAN'T SAY.—We can't say when J. M Thompson designs laying in his fall and winter stock of goods, but we can say that he has just now as complete an assortment of all styles and textures as any man or woman could wish to select from, and that too as cheap as the cheapest.

WAIT AND WATCH.—Mr. V. S. Barker designs visiting the Eastern cities in the course of a few days for the purpose of stocking his extensive store room with a splendid assortment of fall and winter goods. So look out for the best of bargains in the choicest of goods.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

JOHNSTOWN, SEPT. 16, 1867.

Dear Freeman—Saturday last was the anniversary of the falling of the platform at the depot here—the memorable accident by which over five hundred of our citizens were injured, and resulting in the death of eleven persons. The heartrending scene at that awful calamity are so vividly impressed upon my mind that time can never efface the horrible recollection, and the sad fate of one of the most esteemed young ladies of this place, who to-day one year ago died from the injuries received, has brought the tears to the eyes of not a few who loved and appreciated her for her many noble qualities of head and heart. Poor Mary! Little dreamed the writer of this as he beheld her the evening previous to the accident, all life and gaiety, that but a few short days would elapse ere he, stretched upon a bed of pain, would from his window see the coffin, containing the inanimate clay of the fair and gentle Mary Quinn, taken by to its final resting place. Her pure and unsullied life was one of unostentatious piety, and when death was inevitable, it brought no terror to her mind. If she felt pain upon the brink of her eternal separation from earth, home, and the loved ones, no word or sign betrayed it. Of all the mournful occurrences of that day none so sad as the tragical death of this fair young girl.

A man named McDonald, who was blown up in the mines a few weeks ago by the premature explosion of a blast, is lying in such a precarious condition that no hopes are entertained of his recovery.

Another foot race was to have taken place on Saturday between a young man named Blacklock (a name probably familiar to a few of your readers) and David Patton. The course selected was Portage street, from the Woodvale bridge, to its intersection with Canal street. Over one thousand persons located themselves along the course, and were a long time waiting for the dilatory racers to make their appearance, but their patience was well rewarded by seeing B. at length making his *debut* in a gorgeous dress, which set off his muscular form and small feet to great advantage. I would like to give a full description of his *tout ensemble*, but as it would require too much time, I will merely liken his dress to a red flannel shirt and red knee breeches, skin tight, and a pair of ladies' white hose, large size, drawn over his well developed calves. His contestant was dressed in "sombre black," with the exception of the hose arrangement, which was similar to Blacklock's. After walking a portion of the course, doubtless for the purpose of displaying their symmetrical proportions and tasty attire, they proceeded to the starting point. Here they delayed several more minutes, and each getting a swallow out of a suspicious looking bottle, B. allowed that time was up, and he was not going to stay any longer, so without the word to start from the judges, he started on his own hook and went along in a splendid dog trot, without even taking time to dodge into any of the numerous beer saloons which abound on Portage street to invigorate himself, making the half mile in the course of several minutes. The other racer meandered slowly down, and after stating the case to the referees, substantiated by the sworn testimony (sworn on a copy of "Johnstown and Suburbs") of the gentlemen who were to start them, it was decided a draw. The large and enthusiastic audience came to the same conclusion, and all dispersed with, I grieve to say, some ground and lofty cursing from that portion of the audience who are not church members in good standing.

The Iron B. B. (meaning badly beaten) Club were "swinging 'round the circle," last week, playing match games with a Huntingdon club, the B. E. V. R. Club of Tyrone, and also the Tyroleans of Harrisburg, who were in Tyrone on that day, the Mountain Stars of Altoona, and some country club in one of the rural towns of this county. I do not wish to be *ironical*, but I believe our club did not bring home many trophies in the shape of prize balls or bats. In fact, I think the Irons were pretty generally beaten, for I overheard one of the second nine of the Kicks, making a desperate resolve that their nine would challenge the above club immediately. The Iron club is certainly one of the best, if not the very best, this side of Harrisburg, but they undertook too much when they attempted to play five games in five days, besides undergoing the fatigue of travel, and I venture to say that when the return matches are played here, the Irons will assert their superiority over each and all their late opponents.

The Juniata club of Hollidaysburg will play the Irons, on the grounds of the latter, on Friday next.

The German Catholics of this place have decided upon building a new church upon the site where the present one stands. The new structure will be of brick, 80x120 feet, with arched and groined ceiling. The preparatory work will be commenced immediately.

The Turnverien Association have decided upon building a large hall, and as soon as an eligible location can be secured the work will be put through. I understand the contracts for material, etc., have already been made.

The committee appointed to re-locate the water works have reported several eligible sites below town, and a choice will this week be made by the association. It appears to be the determination to have this much-needed improvement as speedily as possible.

The new bridge across the Conemaugh, at Woodvale, is about completed, and the work of building a dike to prevent the encroachment of the water upon this growing village will doubtless be commenced at once.

Your correspondent was made the recipient of an exquisite serenade this evening, given by the members of the Beethoven Troupe of this place. The following are the names of the troupe: W. Sees, basso; Geo. Saylor soprano; A. Fockler, tenor; J. Fieldhouse, alto; Prof. H. F. Jones, leader and instrumental performer. Without wishing to detract in the least from the superior merit of the other performers, I am compelled to speak particularly of the rendition of the beautiful song entitled "Zeline," the leading part of which was sung in faultless style by Mr. Fieldhouse, one of the best alto singers it has ever been my pleasure to listen to. The reputation of Saylor, as a soprano singer, is so well known as to require no special commendation from my pen, and the music of the entire troupe need only be heard to be appreciated. I understand it is the intention of this troupe to visit Ebensburg in the course of a few weeks, with the intention of entertaining your citizens with a number of their choice songs, &c., and I bespeak for them a reception commensurate with their merits, feeling assured that the lovers of sweet music in your town will enjoy the rare treat they offer. SKU BAL.

Editor Freeman—I think it a duty I owe to my neighbors in Cambria county to say that I this season purchased one of Hoffheins, Myers & Co's Combined Reapers and Mowers, and after taking off my whole crop with it, I have come to the conclusion that they stand in their own light in not having one, for I have saved almost the entire cost of it in one season, and it has given me entire satisfaction, E. C. MCMULLEN.

Ebensburg, Sept. 11, 1867.

GOING VERY FAST.—This is an age of wonderful inventions. The minds of ingenious men have brought forth machinery facilitating and making labor easy. And among the rest the Blacksmith has not been forgotten, for I. C. Singer has invented a machine which makes the process of bending light or heavy tires, bands, &c., an easy and very pleasant task. This machine is gauged and numbered so as to tell exactly where to place the rollers in order to bend any desired diameter. Hundreds of references can be given. To get the machine, address R. H. Singer, Ebensburg, Pa.

N. B.—A few State rights remain to be disposed of. None need apply for Pennsylvania, as the inventor intends holding it for the purpose of selling machines.

P. S.—The place to get your horse well shod, your wagon tire made and general blacksmithing done, is at R. H. Singer's shop, near Isaac Evans' tannery.

SPLENDID PRIZES IN GREENBACKS.—Over $5,000 in Greenbacks; $10,000 in Sewing Machines; $9.00 in Washing Machines; a vast amount of Hoop Skirts, Albums, Books, Gold Pens, Pencils, Lockets, &c., &c., to be distributed to the subscribers and purchasers of the *Home Amusement*. Every yearly subscriber gets twenty-four tickets, drawing from $5 to $100 each in Greenbacks. Canvassing Agents clear from $10 to $15 per day raising Clubs. Sample copies with a prize ticket and full directions and instructions to Agents, sent by mail, by enclosing ten cents, addressed to the *Home Amusement*, 78 Nassau Street, New York. Male and Female Canvassing Agents wanted in every town and neighborhood in the United States.

MUSIC.—C. C. Mellor & Co, No. 81 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, have constantly on hand all the popular music of the day, whether for piano, harp, or other instrument. Those desiring to be furnished with any of the new compositions can call at the editor's office, where lists will be furnished. We commend the house to our Ebensburg musical friends.

DR. J. H. JORDAN, Indianapolis, Indiana, says: "I have known Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy to be thoroughly tested in numerous cases during the past year, and with perfect success in every instance. And so it is with his Remedy for Diarrhœa or Cholera, and his Cough Balsam. They are all genuine and pure."

MARRIED.

WAGNER—EDWARDS.—On the 8th inst., by Rev. Sam'l Brallier, Mr. George Wagner and Mrs. Catharine Edwards, both of Jackson township.

DIED.

SKELLY.—Near Wilmore, on the 3d inst., after a protracted illness, Anastasia, wife of Wm. A. Skelly, in the 34th year of her age.

Farewell, departed one!
Wife, mother, friend, farewell!
We feel, we know, that thou hast gone,
We hope among the blest to dwell.

With none to fill thy place—
A place that few can fill—
That pleasant, smiling face,
Mother dear, we love the still.

Then, Mother dear, farewell!
So marble cold thy brow—
This heart of mine alone can tell
How much we miss thee now.
Wilmore Sept. 7, 1867.

TULLY.—At Summerhill, on the 6th inst., from inflamation of the bowels, Mary Ellen, daughter of John and Mary Tully, in the 21st year of her age.

"The sands of terrestrial life are run
And the day is to her an eternal one.
Fondly she performed a daughter's part,
And offered to her God a christian's heart.
What a balm to those lonely parents here
Is that fond child's memory dear."
Summerhill, Sept. 16, 1867. K. S.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the Estate of Wm. Burk, late of Washington township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted to the same will make payment without delay. EDWARD A. BURK, Adm'r.

Washington twp., Sept. 18, 1867 6t.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing from a certain Cyrus Jeffries a tract of land situate in White township, Cambria county, as I paid for said land, and said Jeffries holds the title only as my trustee.

THEO. M. APPLE.

Sept. 19, 1867.-3t.

☞ The Ebensburg *Alleghanian*, Altoona *Tribune* and Tyrone *Bulletin* will please insert three times and send bill to this office.

TOWN PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, OCT. 5th, 1867, at 1 o'clock P. M., a valuable property situated in the borough of Summitville, Cambria county, consisting of a *LOT OF GROUND* and a double two-and-a-half story *FRAME DWELLING HOUSE*, containing eight rooms and two kitchens, suitable for two families, with a separate cellar under each department, and a good stable and other outbuildings and the best of water on the premises. Also, will be sold in connection with the above property, a *TRACT OF LAND*, nearly adjoining, containing between three and four acres, well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. An indisputable title and immediate possession will be given. Terms on day of sale. Also, at same time and place, *Cows, Sheep, Hogs*, and a general variety of *Household Furniture*, will be offered for sale.

CATHARINE OTTERSON.

Summitville, Sept. 19, 1867.-2t.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Proudfoot School House, in Chest township, on *Tuesday the 8th day of October next*, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, of which Michael Yahner, late of Chest township, died seized:

A piece or parcel of LAND situated in Chest township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Jacob Steiger, Martin Yahner, Sr., Martin Yahner, Jr., Jacob Deithrich, and others, containing 77 ACRES, 108 PERCHES, and the usual allowance for roads, etc., about twenty-five acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a LOG HOUSE and LOG BARN. There is good pine timber on the land.

Terms of Sale.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the mortgage and judgment bonds of the purchaser. PAUL YAHNER,

Sept. 19, 3t. Adm'r Mich'l Yahner, dec'd.

JUST

THE PLACE

YOU WERE

LOOKING FOR?

THIS WAY!!

For Bargains!

MORE

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AT

THOMPSON'S

CHEAP STORE!

On High Street.

THE LARGEST STOCK!

THE BEST VARIETY!

THE GREATEST BARGAINS

AND MORE OF THEM!

THAN HAVE BEEN OFFERED HERE

FOR A LONG TIME!

Fine DRESS GOODS

Standard Dry Goods,

SUPERB LINE OF NOTIONS,

FRESH GROCERIES,

AND ALL OTHER GOODS

IN GREAT PROFUSION!

COME and SEE

AND TELL ALL

YOUR FRIENDS!

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.—Pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved 2d day of July, A. D. 1839, I, JAMES MYERS, High Sheriff of the County of Cambria, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a General Election will be held in the county of Cambria on the SECOND TUESDAY, being the 8th day of OCTOBER, A. D. 1867, at which the following State and County officers will be elected, to wit:

One person for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the county of Cambria in the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

One person to fill the office of Sheriff of Cambria county.

One person to fill the office of Treasurer of Cambria county.

One person to fill the office of Commissioner of Cambria county.

Two persons to fill the office of Jury Commissioners of Cambria county.

One person to fill the office of Poor House Director of Cambria county.

Two persons to fill the office of Auditors, one for 3 years and one for 1 year, of Cambria county.

One person to fill the office of Coroner of Cambria county.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Allegheny, to meet at the office of M. Leavy, Esq., in the borough of Loretto.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Blacklick, to meet at the house of Adam Meakin, in the village of Belsano, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Cambria, to meet at the Court House in the borough of Ebensburg.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Carroll, to meet at the School House in the borough of Carrolltown.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Carrolltown, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Chest, to meet at the School House on the farm of Richard J. Proudfoot, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Chest Springs, to meet at the house of Jacob Wagner, in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Clearfield, to meet at School House No. 3, adjoining the village of St. Augustine, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Conemaugh, to meet at the School House at Singer's, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Conemaugh, to meet as follows: First Ward, at the house now occupied by Peter Maltzi, in said First Ward; Second Ward, at the house now occupied by Jesse Patterson, in said Second Ward.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Cambria, to meet at School House No. 2, in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Croyle, to meet at the School House in the village of Summerhill, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Ebensburg, to meet as follows: East Ward, at the Court House in said Ward; West Ward, at James Myers' Hall, in said Ward.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Gallitzin, to meet at the School House in the town of Gallitzin, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Jackson, to meet at the house of Henry Rager.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Johnstown, to meet as follows: 1st Ward, at the Public School House No. 5, in said Ward; 2d Ward, at the office of Joseph S. Strayer, Esq., on Market street, in said Ward; 3d Ward, at Foster House, in said Ward; 4th Ward, at the house of John Trefts, in said Ward; 5th Ward, at the Kernville School House, in said Ward.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Loretto, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Munster, to meet at the warehouse of Augustine Durbin, in the village of Munster, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Prospect, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Richland, to meet at the house of Jacob Kring, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Millville, to meet at the Franklin House, in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Summerhill, to meet at the School House in the borough of Wilmore.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Summitville, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Susquehanna, to meet at the house of Jerome Platt, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Taylor, to meet at the School House near Jno. Headrick's, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Washington, to meet at the School House at the foot of Plane No. 4, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Wilmore, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of White, to meet at School House No. 1, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Yoder, to meet at the public house occupied by Robert Barclay.

And I further give notice, as in and by the 13th Section of the aforesaid Act I am directed to, That all persons excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive department of this State or the United States, or any city or incorporated district; also, that every member of Congress and the State Legislature, and of the select and common councils of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector or Judge, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for. Also, in the 4th Section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to elections and for other purposes," approved the 10th day of April, 1856, it is enacted that the foregoing 13th Section shall not be so construed as to prevent any military officer or borough officer from serving as Judge or Inspector at any general or special elections in the Commonwealth.

Also, that in the 61st Section of said Act it is enacted that "every general and special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue, without interruption or adjournment, until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The general, special, city, incorporated district and township elections, and all elections for electors of President and Vice President of the United States, shall be held and conducted by the Inspectors and Judges elected as aforesaid, and by clerks appointed as hereinafter provided.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, but a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or County tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States, who had previously been a citizen of this State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district, and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. Provided, that the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless first he produce a receipt for the payment of a State or County tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence, either on his own oath or affirmation or that of another, that he has paid such tax, or on failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath thereof; or, second, if he claim the right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of his residence in the district as is required by this Act, and that he does verily believe, from the account given him, that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this Act, whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the Inspector, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "Tax," if he shall be permitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word "Age," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age, and the same shall be called out to the Clerks, who shall make their notes in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all such cases, where the name of a person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the Commissioners and Assessors, or his right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall not be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof thereof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided in the district for more than ten days next preceding said election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, as is required of his residence and payment of taxes as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent, or attempt to prevent, any officer of any election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere within the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window, or avenue to any window, where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $500, be imprisoned for any time not less than one month nor more than twelve months; and if it shall be shown to the Court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years."

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the Act first aforesaid, the Judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificate or return of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one Judge from each district, at the Court House in the borough of Ebensburg, on the third day after the day of election, being FRIDAY, the 11th day of October, A. D. 1867, and then and there to do and perform those duties required of them by law.

And further, if any Judge, by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend said meeting of Judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the Inspectors or Clerks of election of the same district, who shall do and perform the duties of said Judge unable to attend.

"That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by ticket, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled, outside, 'judiciary;' one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, and be labelled 'State;' one ticket shall embrace all the County officers voted for, including office of Senator, member or members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled 'County;' one ticket shall embrace the names of all Township officers voted for, and be labelled 'Township;' one ticket shall embrace the names of all Borough officers voted for, and be labelled 'Borough;' and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes."

Given under my hand, at my office in Ebensburg, the 11th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States the ninetieth. JAMES MYERS, Sheriff.

EYRE & LANDELL,
Fourth and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Are offering a NEW STOCK of
DRY GOODS
FOR THE FALL SALES OF
1867.
SHAWLS, SILKS, DRESS GOODS,
AND
STAPLE DRY GOODS.
N. B. Job Lots of GOODS Received Daily.
Sept. 5, 1867.-6t.

Freedom of Speech at the South.

The Mongrel papers keep up their usual hypocritical howl about "freedom of the press," all the time that they are stamping out every vestige of freedom at the South. To show how "freedom of the press" flourishes within the dominions of the Five Monarchs, it may be well to refer to the case of *The Constitutional Eagle*, a very conservative, moderate paper, published at Camden, Ark., and edited by Col. A. W. Hobson, member elect to the United States Congress. One day among the local items of this paper there appeared the following paragraph:

A DECIDED NUISANCE.—We are credibly informed that the soldiers stationed at this place are in the habit of coming up to town quite frequently, and getting so inebriated as to be totally indifferent as to decency, propriety, or anything else, and as they swagger and stagger toward camps, use such profane and obscene language and make such obscene exhibitions of themselves as would make the most obdurate negro blush, if such a thing was possible, to say nothing of respectable ladies and children. We hope, for the protection of the soldiers, as well as that of our peace-loving citizens, that the officers in command of the troops here will look into this matter, and abate it at once.

One would have supposed that such a paragraph would have been regarded in the kindest spirit by the commanding officer, who would have at once instituted a most rigid examination, and have such a nuisance abated. But mark the response. Instead of this, Capt. Pierce, with thirty men, march to the office, and without note of warning, proceed to break open the doors and scatter the type and cases into the street, breaking the press and doing at out all the damage they could, except that of burning the office! The Mayor of the town subsequently wrote to Col. Gilbert who commanded the post, inquiring whether it was done by his orders. Col. G. replied, declining to state whether it was or not, but saying not a word in condemnation of the atrocious proceedings of his soldiers. Such are the beauties of military rule—such "the freedom of the press" which the Mongrels are now guaranteeing to the Southern people!—*Ivy Book.*

MONTANA.

The Territory of Montana has gone Democratic by a large majority, electing James M. Cavanaugh delegate to Congress. Our majority in the territorial legislature is so large as to approach unanimity.

Mr. Cavanaugh the newly elected delegate, is a character in his way. He is an Irish-Yankee by birth, combining the rollicking humor of one nationality with the keenness of the other. He was one of the first representatives in Congress, admitted from the new State of Minnesota, in 1859. Three members were elected by the people, under a mistaken idea as to the population of the State, but Congress would admit but two. The three members elect settled the question among themselves as to who should go in, by a game of cut-throat euchre. Of course this does not appear on the record, but is nevertheless true.—After serving for two years in the House, Cavanaugh was defeated for a re-election, and becoming disgusted with the black look of politics in Minnesota, migrated to Idaho, Colorado, Montana, and all the other territories, in hopes, Micawber like, of something turning up. We believe he has been a candidate for Congress in all these territories, and has at last, we are glad to see, "made the riffle" in Montana. Cavanaugh was a Douglas delegate to the Charleston Convention in 1860, and after its sessions were over, being himself from Lowell, was selected to follow Ben Butler to his home, where he exposed to an immense crowd, who refused Butler a hearing, how the since famous "spoons" sold out Douglas for Jeff. Davis. Butler was hooted from the meeting, and Cavanaugh remained the hero of the hour. In the graceful amenities of personal oratory Cavanaugh is fully the equal of Butler. He is the most happy mixture of the peculiar traits of the Yankee and the Irishman that Dame Nature ever cast in one mould. —*Pittsburgh Post.*

THE OHIO ELECTION.—An Ohio Republican of over sanguine temperament writes that the State ticket will be elected by from 30,000 to 40,000 majority, and the Republicans will carry the Legislature, but that negro suffrage will be defeated by from 40,000 to 50,000. Whereupon the Springfield *Republican* remarks: "This will be worse than out-right defeat. It will convict the party of dishonesty and meanness in forcing equal suffrage upon the South and rejecting it at home, and the disgrace of the fact will attach to the party everywhere and will tell against us in the other fall elections."

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Thos. O'Brien, late of Munster township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, persons having claims against said estate are hereby requested to present them in proper shape for settlement, and those indebted are urged to prompt payment.

PATRICK OWENS, } Executors.
JAMES FARREN, }
Munster Tp., Aug. 15, 1867.-6t.*

TOM. P. DAVIS,
WITH
BOYD & STROUD,
Importers and Dealers in
QUEENSWARE, CHINA and GLASS,
No. 32 NORTH FOURTH ST.,
Four doors below Merchants' Hotel, PHILA.

ELEM. HOLLIDAY,
WITH
GRAFF, WATKINS & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
426 MARKET STREET,
Aug. 22, 1867. *PHILADELPHIA.*

IF you want to buy goods on long credit and pay big prices, don't go to
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

POCKET KNIVES, TABLE KNIVES and Forks, Spoons, &c., can be bought cheap for cash at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SIGNIFICANT.

The new system of Advertising adopted by Geo. P. Rowell & Co., Advertising Agents, No. 40 Park Row, New York, is attracting a good deal of attention.

The following extract from a speech delivered before the N. Y. State Editorial Convention, (lately holden at Penn Yan,) by a prominent Advertising Agent of N. Y. city, goes to show that be at least acknowledges its advantages.

From Jamestown, N. Y., Journal of Aug. 2d, Edited by C. E. BISH P, *Chairman of Committee on* ADVERTISING AGENCIES.

"Mr. Pettengill spoke in opposition to that plan from the *publisher's* stand point alone. He showed the publishers that by this system of contracting they were giving lower rates than they gave their own home customers or others equally as prompt and good customers; that they were selling one portion of their paper to be used to compete with and underbid the other columns; that the owner of the space thus sold could come right in and beat the publisher's prices and take his business away from him; that if the publishers, fully understanding this, still wished to continue so irregular and unbusiness like a system, he (Pettengill & Co.) should of course cease trying to get advertising for the papers at their regular rates and go into the other system of contracting—which he could stand if the printers could."

The anxiety on account of the newspapers is uncalled for. There is not one in twenty which would not prefer to receive all their foreign patronage on this plan, when it is fully understood. It is too generally recognized as thoroughly beneficial to all parties concerned to be injured in the least by anything which may be said against it by interested parties.

Advertises should send for a circular giving full explanations.

POLLOCK INSTITUTE, a first class Boarding School for Boys, at Pittsfield, Mass. Fall Term of 20 weeks begins Oct. 4, 1867. For particlars address REV. W. C. RICHARDS, Principal.

Have you seen the "PENN LETTER BOOK," for copying letters without the use of either press or water? It saves time, labor, and the *expense* of a copying press.—For sale by all first class stationers, and at the office of "Penn Manufacturing Works," 702 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A few more good Agents wanted for Gen. L. C. Baker's "HISTORY OF THE SECRET SERVICE." Increased commission allowed and greater inducements offered. Address, P. GARRETT & CO., Box 217, Philadelphia.

$5000 AGENTS wanted, to sell Six New Inventions of great value to families: all pay great profits. Send 25 cts. and get 80 pages and sample gratis. Agents have made $100,000. Ephraim Brown, Lowell, Mass.

A Treatise on Deafness, Catarrh, Consumption and Cancer. Their causes and means of relief and speedy cure, sent free. Send particulars to Dr. STILWELL, No. 40 South 6th Street, Williamsburg, L. I.

Madam Foys'
Corset Skirt Supporter!
Combines in one garment a PERFECT FITTING CORSET, and the most desirable Skirt Supporter ever offered the public. It places the weight of the skirts upon the shoulders instead of the hips; it improves the form without tight lacing—gives ease and elegance—is approved and recommended by physicians. Manufactured by D. B. SAUNDERS & CO.,
96 Summer St., Boston.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—THE GRAFTON MINERAL PAINT COMPANY are now manufacturing the *best, cheapest* and *most durable Paint* in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, olive, drab or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Agricultural Implements, Carriages and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being fire and water proof.) Bridges, Burial Cases, Canal Boats, Ships and Ships' Bottoms, Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 309 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular, which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL, Proprietor, 254 Pearl-st., N. Y.

YOU'RE WANTED! Look Here! Agents, both male and female, wanted everywhere to sell the *Patent Improved Ink Reservoir*, (by which from one to two pages can be written without replenishing with ink,) and our Fancy and Dry Goods, &c.—Can clear from $3 to $10 a day. No capital required. Price, 10 cents, with an advertisement describing an article for sale in our **Dollar Purchasing Agency.** Circulars sent free.
EASTMAN & KENDALL,
65 Hanover St., Boston, Mass.

DEAFNESS CURED. The Organic Vibrator fits into the ear, is not perceptible, and enables deaf persons to hear distinctly at church and at public assemblies. Send particulars to Dr. STILWELL, No. 45 South 6th St., Williamsburg, N. Y.

WE ARE COMING,
And will present to any person sending us a club in our Great One Price Sale of Dry and Fancy Goods, &c., a Silk Dress Pattern, Piece of Sheeting, Watch, &c., free of cost. Catalogue of goods, and sample, sent to any address free. Address J. S. HAWES & CO., 30 Hanover St., Boston, Mass. P. O. Box 5125.

THIRTEEN YEARS AGO
DR. LOUIS, of Providence, R. I., discovered Remedies with which he has cured hundreds of cases of Paralysis, Fits, and all forms of Nervous Diseases. Send two stamps for Pamphlet and Certificate.

A WATCH SENT FREE.—A Silver P. Watch Given Gratis to the Purchaser of Every 100 of Kennedy's Mammoth Prize Stationery Packages, the largest in the world, as an inducement to have them introduced. Agents sell the packages as fast as they can reach them out. 30 Dollars per day sure. We have agents that sell on an average 1000 per week. Price per hundred, 15 Dollars. Retail at 25 cents. And a Watch in the bargain that will retail for $15 more. For full particulars of Prize Package and other saleable goods, address R. MONROE KENNEDY, Cor. 5th and Wood Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

MAKE YOUR OWN SELECTIONS!
TO ADVERTISERS.
We take this opportunity to solicit a larger share of your patronage, assuring you we are in every way competent to transact *all your advertising business.* We are in regular communication with every newspaper published, and our facilities as general Advertising Agents are not surpassed in America, while the amount of business influenced enables us to promise our patrons the most favorable terms. *We are not confined to any special lists.* If you want to advertise in one paper only, or five thousand, we would like to give you rates. Orders receive that careful and circumspect attention for which we have ever been commended. Call and examine our facilities.
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Advertising Agents,
40 Park Row, New York.

SCHOOLS.
Principals of Academies, Seminaries, &c., should consult us in regard to advertising. No charge for information. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, N. Y.

INVENTORS.
If you wish to advertise you should consult GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 40 Park Row, N. Y.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

QUICK SALES,
QUICK SALES,
QUICK SALES,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE.
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.

The Largest Stock of Goods. The Best Selected and the Greatest Variety ever brought to Town.

LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.

The subscriber calls the attention of the public to the fact, that he has just received and opened out in his New Store, a large stock of goods, consisting of

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHOP FEED,
Bran, Fish, Bacon and Cheese; Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Candles, Soap, Vinegar, &c., &c.
NOTIONS, DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
Stoneware and Earthenware. ALSO, a fine assortment of the best and latest style of Hats. He always keeps constantly on hand Bologna Sausages, Sardines, Fresh and Spiced Oysters in can, or half cans, and almost everything in the eating or drinking line. All of which will be sold at small profit.
GEO. GURLEY,
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.
January 31, 1867.

IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY.
A "NEW WRINKLE" IN EBENSBURG!
JOHN D. THOMAS
Takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Ebensburg and the north of the county generally, that he has recently added to his stock a large and complete assortment of
SHOES, BUSKINS, GAITERS, &c.,
For Ladies' and Children's Wear,
from the celebrated wholesale manufacturing establishment of Ziegler & Sutton, Philadelphia. This stock comprises everything that is desirable and serviceable in the way of *custom-made sewed work*, and every article is warranted of the best material and most perfect manufacture. In the sale of these goods the subscriber pledges himself to repair free of charge any article that may give way after a reasonable time and reasonable usage. The ladies are specially invited to call and examine the stock.
The subscriber also keeps on hand and is prepared to manufacture to order BOOTS and SHOES for Gent's and Youth's wear, of the very best material and workmanship, and at prices as reasonable as like work can be obtained anywhere. French Calf, Common Calf, Morocco and all other kinds of Leather constantly on hand.
☞ Store on Main street, next door to Crawford's Hotel. [feb21-tf.

HOLLIDAYSBURG!
JACOB M. PIRCHER,
FASHIONABLE
CLOTHIER & TAILOR,
Has just opened a full assortment of well selected and most desirable
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.
Gents and Boys furnished with CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, &c., of the latest styles and best material, at the *LOWEST CASH PRICES.*
A VARIETY OF PIECE GOODS, which will be sold by the yard or made to order in the most approved manner.
Having given full satisfaction to his customers for more than TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, he guarantees the same to all who may favor him with their patronage in the future.
☞ Store on the west side of Montgomery street, below Blair, next door to Masonic Hall, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [my23.1y.]

JAMES CONNOR,
Wholesale Grocer,
DEALER IN
FLOUR, BACON, FISH AND SALT,
No. 355 Liberty street,
June 27, 1867. *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

Do. Ha.
CURTAIN FIXTURE!
Has no superior *in the World!!*
It is pronounced faultless by all who have used it, and it is predicted that it will supersede all other Curtain Fixtures now in use. For sale by GEO. HUNTLEY.

FRANK W. HAY,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL Manufacturer, of TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, *Canal street*, below Clinton, *Johnstown, Pa.* A large stock constantly hand.

THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH.—For beauty of polish, saving of labor and cheapness, this preparation is truly unrivalled. *Buy no other.* For sale by
June 13, 1867. GEO. HUNTLEY.

BARGAINS can be had by buying your goods for cash at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

ALTOONA ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARTFORD
LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY.
CASH CAPITAL $500,000.
We are now prepared to insure LIVE STOCK against both *Death* and *Theft*, in this live and reliable Company. Owners of stock have now the opportunity, by insuring with this Company, of obtaining security and remuneration for the loss of their animals in case of DEATH or theft.
OWNERS OF HORSES,
Manufacturers, Farmers, Teamsters, Expressmen, Physicians, and in fact all who are to any extent dependant upon the services of their horses in their daily vocations, should insure in this Company, and thus derive a protection against the loss of their animals, which are in many cases the sole means of support to their owners.
FARM STOCK.
Farmers and others owning cattle should avail themselves of this means of saving the value of their stock, and secure an equivalent for the loss which would otherwise fall heavily upon them in being deprived of their Cattle, by insuring in this, the
PIONEER COMPANY OF AMERICA!
By insuring in this Company you exchange a certainty for an uncertainty. No man can tell whether his animals may not be stolen or die through some unforseen calamity.
☞ *Competent Agents wanted, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.* Apply to KERR & CO., General Agents,
April 4, 1867.-1y. Altoona, Pa.
☞ Col. WM. K. PIPER, Ebensburg, has been appointed local agent for the Hartford Live Stock Insurance Company.

FOREIGN SHIPPING
AND
EXCHANGE OFFICE.
We are now selling Exchange (at New York Rates on

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Wales,	Germany,	Prussia,
Austria,	Bavaria,	Wurtemberg,
Baden,	Hessen,	Saxony,
Hanover,	Belgium,	Switzerland,
Holland,	Norway and	France.

And Tickets to and from any Port in

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Germany,	France,	California,
New South Wales or		Australia.

KERR & CO.

JOHN BOCKETT, - - - - F. J. STORM.
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.
JOHN BOCKETT & CO.
Desire to inform the public generally that they are now prepared to execute *House, Sign and Ornamental Painting, Glazing, Paper Hanging, Graining and Calcemining*, either in Cambria, Blair or Huntingdon Counties, on the shortest notice, in the very best style, and at prices as reasonable as any other firm or individual in the country.
☞ At their room in Lowther's building, under Rouse's Drug Store, or address
JOHN BOCKETT & Co., Altoona, Pa.
April 25, 1867.-6m.

JOHN HICKEY, ALTOONA PA.,
Dealer in all kinds
Household Furniture!
SUCH AS
LOUNGES, | TABLES, | BEDSTEADS
SOFAS, | BUREAUS, | WHAT-NOTS
CUSHIONED, CANE-BOTTOMED AND COMMON CHAIRS, &c.
NEW FURNITURE WAREROOM,
JULIA STREET, NEAR HARRIET,
Opposite the Protestant Episcopal Church,
March 7, 1867.-1y. EAST ALTOONA.

BANK NOTICES.

WM. M. LLOYD, *President.* JOHN LLOYD, *Cashier.*
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF ALTOONA.
GOVERNMENT AGENCY
AND
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
Corner Virginia and Annie Streets, North Ward, Altoona, Pa.
Authorized Capital, - - - - - $300,000
Cash Capital paid in, - - - - - 150,000
All business pertaining to Banking done on favorable terms
Internal Revenue Stamps of all denominations, always on hand.
To purchasers of Stamps, percentage, in stamps, will be allowed, as follows:
$50 to $100, 2 per cent.; $100 to $200, 3 per cent.; $200 and upwards, 4 per cent.
Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF JOHNSTOWN, CAMBRIA CO., PA.
Capital, $60,000.—Privilege to Increase to $100,000.
Inland and Foreign Drafts furnished.
Gold and Silver bought and sold.
Collections made, at home and abroad.
U. S. Bonds and Securities of all kind obtained.
Deposits received and money loaned.
A general Banking business transacted.
DIRECTORS.

D. J. Morrell,	George Fritz,
Isaac Kauffman,	John Dibert,
Jacob M. Campbell,	E. Y. Townsend,
	Jacob Levergood.

D. J. MORRELL, *Pres't.*
H. J. ROBERTS, *Cashier.* jan31'67.

LLOYD & CO., Bankers,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted.
January 31, 1867.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.
Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. an31.

PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale two valuable tracts of TIMBER LAND, situate in Jackson township, Cambria county, and known as the "Lloyd Property." ALSO—Four other valuable tracts of LAND, situate in Cambria and Jackson townships, and known as the "Pensacola Property." ALSO—TWO FARMS adjoining the borough of Ebensburg—one containing about 100 acres; the other about 150 acres. The buildings are all in good repair, with never-failing springs of water near the houses.
☞ Persons wishing to purchase or sell Farms or Timber Lands, will do well by calling on me before buying or offering them for sale. F. A. SHOEMAKER,
ap-11.tf. Att'y at Law, Ebensburg.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.
E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
Manufacturers of
PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
501 *BROADWAY, NEW YORK.*
In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:
Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views
of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c.
STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR,
From negatives made in the various campaigns, and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.
STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS,
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of Stamp.
PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties, from 50 cents to $50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.
Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, &c., &c.
Our Catalogue embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.
Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent. of the amount with their order.
☞ The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. [apr25-1y.]

CHAIR MANUFACTORY.
WM. P. PATTON,
JOHNSTOWN PA.
ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS,
such as common Winsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sociable Chairs,
Cane Seat Chairs,
ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE
SPRING SEAT CHAIRS
Settees, Lounges, &c., &c.
CABINET FURNITURE
of every description and of latest
STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE
Tastes of all.
Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. [Jan. 31, 1867.

EBENSBURG DRUG AND BOOK STORE!
LEMMON & MURRAY,
DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,
Fancy Soaps, Leon's and Hall's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, (all kinds,) Davis' Pain Killer, Radways Ready Relief, Brown's Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Citrate Magnesia, Flavoring Extracts and Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, PURE SPICES, &c.
CIGARS AND TOBACCOS,
Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds, Cap, Post and all kinds of Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.
☞ Medicine for the body and food for the mind. Call and see.
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG.
July 25, 1867.

A WORD FROM JOHNSTOWN!
JOHN J. MURPHY & CO.,
At their Stores in the Scott House, Main St., and on Clinton Street, Johnstown,
Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable
Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries,
and a general variety of NOTIONS, &c.—Their stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which have been selected with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf. $5*

HARVEY CHILDS. . . . LOWRIE CHILDS.
W. C. MURPHEY.
H. CHILDS & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES, AND SOLE LEATHER,
133 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Agents for the sale of "Hope Mill" Cotton Yarn, Bags, Batting and Carpet Chain.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

JOHN GAY. . . . . WM. WELSH.
GAY & WELSH,
Successors to Gay & Painter,
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,
Corner Penn and Canal Sts., opposite Grain Elevator. [feb28] *Pittsburgh, Pa.*

M. CRESSWELL, JOHN A. RYDER,
E. T. SLACK, WM. D. GEMMILL.
M. McDONALD,
WITH
M. CRESSWELL & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
No. 511 Market Street,
June 20, 1867.-1y. *PHILADELPHIA.*

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY!
F. SHARRETTS DYSERT,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painter,
Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging, and all other work in his line, promptly executed, and satisfaction guaranteed. Shop in the basement of the Town Hall.
Ebensburg, May 9, 1867.-6m.*

JAMES H. DAVIS,
Dealer in all kinds of
POPLAR, CHERRY & ASH LUMBER,
Yard Nos. 314 and 316 N. Broad St.,
PHILADELPHIA.
☞ Business attended to in Ebensburg by Wm. J. Williams. [my16-1y]

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., tenders his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at the hotel of Lawrence Schroth. [May 9, 1867.-tf.]

S. BELFORD, DENTIST,
CONTINUES to visit Ebensburg personally on the 4th Monday of each month.—During his absence Lewis N. Snyder, who studied with the Doctor, will remain in the office and attend to all business entrusted to him. Jan31,'67.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. D. W. Zeigler, having opened an office in rooms over R. R. Thomas' Store, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. ap.18.5m.*

R. DEVEREAUX, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, *Summit, Pa.*—Office east end of Mansion House, on Rail Road street. Night calls may be made at the office. [my23.tf]

R. L JOHNSTON, J. E. SCANLAN.
JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,
Attorneys at Law,
Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.
Office opposite the Court House.
Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

D. M'LAUGHLIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street.
Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867. tf.

F. A. SHOEMAKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa*—Office on High street, one door East of the Banking House of Lloyd & Co.
January 31, 1867.-tf.

W. H. SECHLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.* Office in the Commissioners' Room Court House. Jan. 31, '67-tf.

F. P. TIERNEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row.
Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Moore' Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867 tf

JOHN FENLON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

GEORGE M. REED,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Main street, three doors East of Julian. Jan. 31, 1867.

GEORGE W. CATMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
January 31, 1867.-tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

G. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, up-stairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.* Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan. 31, 1867.

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent.*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hasson Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg. j31

HOTELS.

GRANT HOUSE,
Hemlock, Cambria Co., Pa.
JOHN WILKIN, Proprietor.
This House has been refitted, and offers accommodations superior to any other House in the vicinity. The Proprietor, after long experience in the business, feels confident he understands the wants of the public. His TABLE will be supplied with the delicacies of the season and his BAR with the choicest wines and liquors. By constant attention and due care for the comfort of his guests the Proprietor hopes to merit a liberal share of patronage. [may16-1y.]

SCOTT HOUSE,
Main Street, Johnstown, Cambria Co., Pa.,
A. ROW & CO., Proprietors.
THIS HOUSE having been refitted and elegantly furnished, is now open for the reception and entertainment of guests. The proprieors by long experience in hotel keeping feel confident they can satisfy a discriminating public.
Their Bar is supplied with the choicest brands of liquors and wines.
Jan. 31, 1867. (1y.)

UNION HOUSE.
EBENSBURG, Pa., JOHN A. BLAIR, Propietor, spares no pains to render this hotel worthy of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best the market affords; his bar with the best of liquors.—His stable is large, and will be attended by an attentive and obliging hostler. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG.
R. P. LINTON & CO., Prop'rs.
The TABLE is always supplied with the choicest delicacies; the BAR is supplied with choice liquors, and the STABLE attended by careful hostlers. Transient visitors accommodated and boarders taken by the week, month or year, on reasonable terms. feb21

SHIELDS HOUSE,
LORETTO, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,
THOMAS CALLEN, Proprietor.
THIS house is now open for the accommodation of the public. Accommodations as good as the country will afford, and charges moderate. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

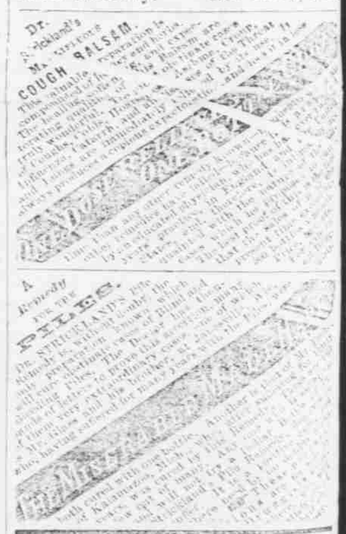
MERCHANTS' HOTEL.
J. & W. C. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors.
Fourth St., between Market and Arch,
May 9, 1867.-1y. PHILADELPHIA.

MEDICAL PREPARATIONS.

POLAND'S
Magic Bilious Powders.

This Preparation is the discovery of Rev. J. W. POLAND, formerly Pastor of the Baptist Church in Goffstown, N. H.—a man dearly beloved by that denomination throughout N. England. He was obliged to leave the pulpit and study medicine to save his own life, and his MAGIC POWDERS are one of the most wonderful discoveries of modern times. It is the GREAT LIVER and BILIOUS REMEDY, which completely throws in the shade all other discoveries in medicine, and it affords him much gratification that they receive the unanimous approbation of all who have tested them. The Magic Bilious Powders are a POSITIVE CURE FOR LIVER COMPLAINT in its most aggravated form, and an immediate corrector of all BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS. Excellent for *Headache, Constipation, Pimples, Blotches, Sallow Skin, Drowsiness, Dizziness, Palpitation, Heartburn,* and a most wonderful
Cure and Preventative of Fever & Ague
(We advise all who are troubled with this fearful malady to always keep the Powders on hand ready for immediate use.)
Here are a few important particulars:—1st. They are the great specific for Bilious Affections. 2d. They are the only known remedies that will cure Liver Complaint.—3d. They are the only known remedy that will cure Constipation. 4th. The Powders are so thorough in their operation that one package will be all that the majority of those using them will require to effect a cure. 5th. They are a mild and pleasant yet the most effectual cathartic known. 6th. They are the cheapest and best medicine extant, as they can be sent by mail to any part of the globe for the price, 50 cents.
Circulars, containing certificates, information, etc., sent to any part of the world free of charge. ☞ Sold by all Druggists, or by mail on application to
C. G. CLARK & CO., Gen'l Agents.
Price, 50 Cts. per Box. NEW HAVEN, Ct.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!
This great remedy for all DISEASES OF THE STOMACH is the discovery of the inventor of Coe's valuable Cough Balsam, while experimenting for his own health. It cured Cramp in the Stomach for him which had before yielded to nothing but chloform.
The almost daily testimony from various parts of the country encourage us to believe there is no disease caused by a disordered stomach it will not speedily cure. Physicians endorse and use it. Ministers give testimony of its efficacy; and from all directions we receive tidings of cures performed.
Dyspepsia it is sure to cure. *Biliousness* one dose will cure. *Sick Headache* it has cured in hundreds of cases. *Headache and Dizziness* it stops in thirty minutes. *Acidity of the Stomach* it corrects at once. *Rising of the Food* it stops immediately. *Distress after Eating* one dose will remove. *Chills and Morbus* rapidly yields to a few doses. *Bad Breath* will be changed with half a bottle.
IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS!
Its unprecedented success is owing to the fact that it cures by assisting Nature to reassert her sway in the system.
Nearly every dealer in the United States sells it at ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors.
March 14.-eow1y. New Haven, Conn.



MARBLE WORKS.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED!
—AT THE—
JOHNSTOWN MARBLE WORKS!

The subscriber has just received a large and handsome invoice of Italian and American
MARBLE,
comprising the largest and finest stock of the kind ever brought to Johnstown, at his establishment on Franklin Street, where he is prepared, with an adequate force of experienced and skilful workmen, to execute all kinds of MONUMENTS, Mantels, Tombstones, Table and Bureau Tops, &c., as cheap as they can be purchased in any of the cities.
A large stock of GRINDSTONES on hand and for sale low.
A room has been opened in Ebensburg, a few doors west of Dr. S. S. Christy's Drug Store, where articles of my manufacture are kept constantly on hand, to which the attention of purchasers is invited.
☞ Prompt attention paid to orders from a distance and work delivered where desired. JOHN PARRE.

Loretto Marble Works.
THE UNDERSIGNED begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambria and adjoining counties, that he has just received a stock of the finest *Italian and other Marbles* at the *Establishment* in *Loretto Cambria co., Pa.*, *Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Table and Bureau tops,* manufactured of the most beautiful and finest quality of Foreign and Domestic marble, always on hand and made to order as cheap as they can be purchased in the city, in a neat and workmanlike manner, and on the shortest notice.
The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring any thing in my line of business.
Now is the time to get a cheap job!!
JAMES WILKINSON.

WHOLESALE
JANNEY & ANDREWS,
123 Market St.
PHILADA
GROCERS